

Agricola 1

antīquitus: in ancient times
ūsitātus –a –um: usual, customary; (as a noun) custom
nē...quidem: = nequidem, not ... even
incūriōsus –a –um: heedless, indifferent (w. gen.)
omittō omittere omīsī omissus: to neglect, pass over
supergridior –gredi –gressus sum: to overcome
ignōrantia –ae f.: ignorance, want of appreciation
memorātus memorātūs m.: mention, mentioning
prōnus –a –um: easy
apertus aperta apertum: open, accessible; (as a noun) the open
celeber celebris celebre: celebrated, famous
ambitiō ambitiōnis f.: self-seeking, ambition, ostentation
tantum: only
cōnscientia cōnscientiae f.: consciousness, knowledge, conscience
fidūcia fidūciae f.: confidence
arrogantia –ae f.: arrogance, haughtiness
Rutilius –ī m.: Publius Rutilius Rufus, cos. 105 BCE
Scaurus –ī m.: M. Aemilius Scaurus, cos. 115, 107 BCE
citrā: short of, without
obtrectātiō obtrectātiōnis f.: censure, detraction
optimus –a –um: best
aestimō aestimāre aestimāvī aestimātus: value, test, judge.
dēfungor dēfungī dēfūctus sum: to die
venia veniae f.: pardon
incūsō incūsāre incūsāvī incūsātus: to censure
īnfestus –a –um: hostile

Agricola 2

Arulēnus –ī m.: L. Junius Rusticus Arulenus
Rūsticus –ī m.: Rusticus
Paetus –ī m.: Thrasea Paetus
Thrasea –ae m.: Thrasea
Herennius –īī m.: Herennius Senecio
Senecio –ōnis m.: Senecio
Priscus –ī m.: Helvidius Priscus
Helvidius –ī m.: Helvidius
capitālis capitale: punishable by death
saeviō saevīre saevīī saevitum: (with in) treat with cruelty, be brutal to
dēlēgō –lēgāre: to assign
triumvir –ī m.: commission (of three) responsible for executions, tresviri capitales
ministerium –ī n.: service, task
monumentum monumentī n.: memorial
Comitium Comitī(ī) n.: Comitium
ūrō ūrere ussī ustum: to burn
Rōmānus –a –um: Roman
cōnscientia cōnscientiae f.: consciousness, knowledge, conscience
aboleō abolēre abolēvī abolitus: destroy
expellō expellere expulī expulsus: to expel, banish
īnsuper: further, moreover
professōr professōris m.: teacher, professor
quis quid after si, nisi, ne, or num: anyone, anything
usquam: anywhere
profectō: assuredly
grandis grandis grande: great, large, fine
patientia patientiae f.: submission, patience, long-suffering

documentum –ī n.: example, instance, lesson
servitūs servitūtis f.: slavery
adimō adimere adēmī adēptus: to take away
inquīsitiō inquīsitiōnis f.: espionage
commercium –ī n.: trade, interchange, commercial dealings
oblīvīscor oblīvīscī oblītus sum: to forget

Agricola 3

dēmum: at last, at length
ortus ortūs m.: dawn
Nerva –ae m.: Nerva, emperor 96-98
Caesar Caesaris m.: Caesar
dissociābilis -e: irreconcilable
prīncipātus –ūs m.: princely power, autocracy
cotīdiē/cotīdiē: daily
fēlīcītās –ātis f.: happiness
Traianus –ī m.: Trajan, emperor 98-117
sēcūritās –ātis f.: sense of ease, freedom from care, security
fidūcia fidūciae f.: confidence
rōbur rōboris n.: strength
assūmō (or adsūmō) –sūmere –sūmpsī –sūmptum: to take besides, take, gather
īnfirmitās –ātis f.: weakness
remedium remedī n.: cure, remedy
lentus –a –um: slow
augēscō augēscere -- --: to begin to grow, to increase
cito: quickly
exstinguō exstinguere exstinxī exstinctus: to extinguish
opprimō opprimere oppressī oppressus: to crush, stamp out
inertia inertiae f.: inactivity, idleness
dulcēdō –inis f.: charm, delight
invidēō invidēre invīdī invīsus: to envy, begrudge, feel hostility toward
prīmō: in first place
dēsīdia –ae f.: idleness, inactivity
postrēmō: at last, finally
quīndecim: 15
grandis grandis grande: great, large, fine
mortālis –e: mortal
fortuītus –a –um: accidental, due to chance
prōmptus –a –um: energetic, vigorous, alert
saevitia saevitiae f.: savagery
intercidō –cidere –cidī: to fall, perish
superstes –itis: surviving; (as a noun) survivor
eximō eximere exēmī exēptus: to take away
iuvenis iuvene: youthful
senectūs senectūtis f.: old age
terminus –ī m.: bounds, limit
silentium silenti(ī) n.: silence
piget pigēre piguit pigitum est: it irks, causes annoyance (+acc. and gen.)
inconditus –a –um: untrained, uncouth
rudis –e: untrained, uncultivated
servitūs servitūtis f.: slavery
testimōnium testimōni(ī) n.: witness, attestation
Agricola –ae m.: Agricola
socer socerī m.: father-in-law
dēstinō dēstināre dēstināvī dēstinātus: to intend
professiō professiōnis f.: declaration

excūsō excūsāre excūsāvī excūsātus: to excuse, make excuses

Agricola 4

Gnaeus –ī m.: Gnaeus

Iūlius –ī m.: Julius

Agricola –ae m.: Agricola

illūstris illūstre: bright, famous

Foroiuliensis –ense : Foroiulian, from Fréjus

colōnia colōniae f.: colony

avus avī m.: grandfather

prōcūrātor –ōris m.: procurator, governor, financial officer

Caesar Caesaris m.: Caesar

equester –tris –tre: of cavalry, of the equestrian order

nōbilitās nōbilitātis f.: nobility

Graecīnus –ī m.: Julius Graecinus

senātōrius –a –um: senatorial

ēloquentia –ae f.: eloquence, oratory, correct speech

Gāius –ī m.: Gaius Caesar, emperor 37-41

mereor merērī meritus sum: to earn

namque: for in fact

Marcus Marcī m.: Marcus

Sīlānus –ī m.: Silanus

accūsō accūsāre accūsāvī accūsātus: to accuse

abnuō abnuere abnuī abnuitūrus: refuse

Procilla –ae f.: Julia Procilla

castitās castitātis f.: chastity, purity, integrity

indulgentia –ae f.: loving care

ēducō –ēducāre –ēduāvī –ēducātum: to bring up, train

pueritia pueritiae f.: boyhood

adulēscentia –ae f.: youth

trānsigō trānsigere trānsēgī trānsāctum: to pass

arceō arcēre arcuī: to keep away

illecebra illecebrae f.: allurement

quod: in that, the fact that, because

parvulus –a –um: very small, still a child

magistra –ae f.: mistress, teacher

Massilia –ae f.: Massilia, Marseille

Graecus –a –um: Greek

cōmitās –ātis f.: affability, camaraderie, congeniality

prōvinciālis –e: provincial

parsimōnia –ae f.: thrift

iuventa iuventae f.: the prime of life

philosophia philosophiae f.: philosophy

Rōmānus –a –um: Roman

senātor senātōris m.: senator

hauriō haurīre hausī hastus: to drain, drink deep of

nī: unless

prudētia prudētiaē f.: prudence, good sense

incendō incendere incendī incensus: to set fire to, excite

flagrō flagrāre flagrāvī flagrāturus: to burn, be enthusiastic

coerceō coercēre coercuī coercitus: to constrain, restrain, restrict

sublīmis sublīme: elevated, exalted, lofty, distinguished

ērigō ērigere ērēxī ērēctus: to raise, rouse, set up

pulchritūdō –inis f. : beauty

excelsus –a –um: lofty, exalted

vehemēns: impetuous, ardent

cautus –a –um: cautious, discreet
appetō appetere appetīvī appetītus: to aim at, seek, covet
mītigō mītigāre mītigāvī mītigātus: to tone down, lessen

Agricola 5

rudīmentum –ī n.: training
Britannia –ae f.: Britain
Suētōnius –ī m.: Suetonius Paulinus
Paulīnus –ī m.: Paulinus
dīligēns: careful, painstaking
moderātus –a –um: restrained, cautious
approbō –āre –āvī –ātum: to make approved
contubernium –ī n.: companionship, staff-service
aestimō aestimāre aestimāvī aestimātus: to value, test, judge
Agricola –ae m.: Agricola
licenter: without restraint, without control
iuvenis iuvene: youthful; (as a noun) young man
mīlitia –ae f.: military service
lascīvia –ae f.: riotous living
sēgnis sēgne: slothful
commeātus commeatūs m.: leave of absence
titulus –ī m.: nominal rank
tribūnātus –ūs m.: office of tribune
īnscītia –ae f.: ignorance, inexperience
perītus –a –um: skilled, experienced, having knowledge; (as a noun) an expert
appetō appetere appetīvī appetītus: to aim at, seek, covet
iactātiō iactātiōnis f.: boasting, self-display
formīdō formīdinis f.: dread, fear
recūsō recūsāre recūsāvī recūsātus: to refuse
ānxius –a –um: worried, earnest
sānē: truly, indeed
aliās: at other times
exercitātus –a –um: agitated
ambiguus –a –um: wavering
trucidō trucidāre trucidāvī trucidātus: to butcher, massacre
veterānus –a –um: veteran
incendō incendere incendī incensus: to set fire to
colōnia colōniae f.: colony
intercipiō –ere –cēpī –ceptus: to cut off or isolate (and then destroy)
etsī: although
ductus –ūs m.: leadership
summus –a –um: highest; (summa with rerum) supreme control
reciperō –āre (also recuperō –āre): to recover
stimulus –ī m.: goad, incentive
mīlitāris –ris –re: military
sinister –a –um: evil, malicious
ergā: towards (+ acc.)
ēmineō –ēre –uī: to stand out, blaze out
interpretātiō –ōnis f.: interpretation

Agricola 6

hinc: hence, next
capessō capessere capessiī/capessivī capessitūrus: to undertake
magistrātus magistrātūs m.: magistracy, civil duties
dēgredior dēgredī dēgressus sum: to come down, descend
Domitia –ae f.: Domitia Decidiana

Decidiāna –ae f.: Decidiana
splendidus –a –um: brilliant, illustrious
nātālis –e: lineage, family
mātrimōnium –ī(ī) n.: marriage
nītor nītī nīxus sum: to strive
rōbur rōboris n.: strength
mīrus –a –um: wonderful
concordia concordiae f.: unity, harmony
mūtuus –a –um: mutual
cāritās cāritātis f.: affection
vicis vicis f.: change, succession; (in expression in vicem) by turns
antepōnō antepōnere anteposūī antepositum: to place before, prefer
quod: in that, the fact that, because
quaestūra –ae f.: quaestorship
Asia –ae: Roman province of Asia
prōcōnsul prōcōnsulis m.: proconsul
Salvius –ī m.: Salvius Titianus
Titiānus –ī m.: Salvius Titianus
neuter neutra neutrum: neither
aviditās aviditātis f.: greed
prōnus –a –um: inclined
quantuslibet quantalibet quantumlibet: as great as you please
facilitās –ātis f.: courtesy, good nature, affability
redimō –imere –ēmī –emptum: to purchase
dissimulātiō dissimulātiōnis f.: concealment, suppression
subsidiū subsidi(ī) n.: support, help
sōlācium sōlāci(ī) n.: consolation, solace
brevī: in a short time, shortly
tribūnātus –ūs m.: office of tribune
quiēs quiētis f.: rest, quiet
gnārus –a –um: having knowledge, aware
Nerō –ōnis m.: Nero
inertia inertiae f.: inactivity, idleness
praetūra praetūrae f.: praetorship
tenor –ōris m.: course
silentium silenti(ī) n.: silence
iūrisdictiō iūrisdictiōnis f.: court business, administration of justice
obveniō –venire –vēnī –ventum: to fall to
lūdus lūdī m.: game; (pl.) festival such as the Ludi Romani
inānis inānis ināne: idle, vain
abundantia –ae f.: abundance, lavishness
luxuria luxuriae f.: extravagance
propior propius: nearer
Galba –ae f.: Galba
recognōscō recognōscere recognōvī recognitus: to revise, review
dīligēns: careful, painstaking
conquīsitiō conquīsitiōnis f.: investigation
sacrilegium –ī n.: sacrilege

Agricola 7

affligō affligere afflīxī afflīctus: to strike, afflict
Othōniānus –a –um: Othonian, belonging to Otho
licenter: without restraint, without control
Intimiliū –ī n. (also Intimilii, m. pl.) : Vintimiglia
Liguria –ae f.: Liguria (district of NW Italy, around Genoa)
hostīlis hostīlis hostīle: of an enemy, hostile

populō populāre populāvī populātus (also deponent, populōr): to plunder
Agricola –ae m.: Agricola
praedium praedi(ī) n.: farm, estate
patrimōnium patrimōni(ī) n.: inherited estate
dīripiō –ere –ripiū –reptus: to plunder
sollemnis –e: customary rite
proficīscor proficīscī profectus sum: to set out, set forth
adfectō adfectāre adfectāvī adfectātus: to claim, assume
Vespasiānus –ī m.: Vespasian, emperor 69-79
dēprehendō dēprehendere dēprehendī dēprehensus: to overtake, catch
trānsgredior –gredi –gressus sum: to cross, come over
prīncipātus –ūs m.: princely power, the power or role of the princeps
status statūs m.: state, condition
Mūciānus –ī m.: Licinius Mucianus
iuvenis iuvene: youthful
admodum: quite (adds emphasis to an adjective)
Domitiānus –ī m.: Domitian, emperor 81-96
paternus –a –um: belonging to a father, paternal
tantum: only
licentia licentiae f.: excess of liberty, license
ūsurpō ūsurpāre ūsurpāvī ūsurpātus: to use, enjoy
dilēctus –ūs m.: levy
strēnuus –a –um: vigorous
versor versārī versātus: to employ oneself
vīcēsīmus –a –um: 20th
sacrāmentum –ī n.: oath of allegiance
trānsgredior –gredi –gressus sum: to cross, come over
praepōnō praepōnere praeposūī praepositum: to put at the head of (+acc. and dat.)
dēcessor dēcessōris m.: predecessor
sēditiōsus –a –um: mutinous
cōsulāris cōsulāris cōsulāre: of consular rank
formīdolōsus or formīdulōsus –a –um: inspiring fear
praetōrius –a –um: praetorian, i.e., with the rank of those who had held the praetorship
cohibeō –ēre –uī –itus: restrain, hold in check
incertus –a –um: uncertain
successor successōris m.: successor
ultor –ōris m.: avenger
moderātiō –ōnis f.: self-restraint, moderation
videor vidērī vīsus sum: to seem

Agricola 8

praesum praesse praefuī praefutūrus: to be at the head (with dat.)
Britannia –ae f.: Britain
Vettius –īī m.: Vettius
Bolānus –ī m.: Bolanus
placidus –a –um: calm, mild. placid
ferōx ferōcis: bold, emboldened, headstrong
temperō temperāre temperāvī temperātus: to temper, blend, restrain
Agricola –ae m.: Agricola
ārdor ārdōris m.: ardour, fire, zeal
compescō –pescere –pescuī — : to confine, restrain, curtail
incrēscō –ere –crēvī –crētus: to grow
perītus –a –um: skilled, experienced, having knowledge
obsequium –ī n.: obedience
ērudīō –rudīre –rudīī –rudītum: to train, educate
brevī: in a short time, shortly

cōsulāris cōsulāris cōsulāre: of consular rank; as subst. ex-consul
Petīlius –ī m.: Petilius Cerialis
Cereālis –is: Petilius Cerealis
discrīmen discriminis n.: danger
commūnicō commūnicāre commūnicāvī commūnicātus: to share
experīmentum –ī n.: trial, experience, test
maior māius: greater
ēventus ēventūs m.: issue, result
praeficiō praeficere praefēcī praefectus: to put in command of (+acc. and dat.)
exsultō exsultare exsultāvī exsultātus: to triumph, glory
minister ministrī m.: servant
obsequor obsequī obsecūtus sum: to obey
verēcundia –ae f.: modesty
praedicō praedicāre praedicāvī praedicātus: to report, proclaim
extrā: outside of, without

Agricola 9

lēgātīō lēgātīōnis f.: office of legatus, command
Vespasiānus –ī m.: Vespasian, emperor 69-79
patricius –a –um: patrician; (as noun) a patrician
adsciscō –ere –scīvī –scītus: to admit, enroll among
Aquītānia –ae f.: Aquitania
praepōnō praepōnere praeposuī praepositum: to put at the head of (+acc. and dat.)
splendidus –a –um: brilliant, illustrious
imprīmīs: especially
administrātiō administrātiōnis f.: official charge, office
cōsulātus cōsulātūs m.: consulship
dēstinō dēstināre dēstināvī dēstinātus: to intend
mīlitāris –ris –re: military, of soldiers
subtīlitās subtīlitātis f.: subtlety, acumen
castrēnsis –e: belonging to the camp
iūrisdictiō iūrisdictiōnis f.: court business, administration of justice
obtundō obtundere obtudī obtū(n)sum: to blunt, weaken
calliditās –ātis f.: shrewdness
Agricola –ae m.: Agricola
nātūrālis –e: natural
prudētia prudētiaē f.: prudence, good sense
togātus –a –um: wearing the toga; (as a noun) a civilian
remissiō remissiōnis f.: relaxation
conventus conventūs m.: union, meeting, assizes
sevērus –a –um: strict, stern
miserīcors miserīcordis: merciful, compassionate
persōna persōnaē f.: character
trīstītia –ae f.: sorrow
arrogantia –ae f.: arrogance, haughtiness
avāritia avāritiaē f.: greed
exuō exuere exuī exūtus: to put off, cast off
facilitās –ātis f.: courtesy, good nature, affability
sevērītās sevērītātis f.: strictness, sternness
dēminuō –minuere –minuī –minūtum: to lessen
integritās –ātis f.: uprightness
abstīnentia abstīnentiaē f.: self-restraint
nē...quidem=nequidem, not ... even
indulgeō indulgēre indulgī indultus: to indulge in, allow one's self
ostentō ostentāre ostentāvī ostentātus: to display, hold out
aemulātiō aemulātiōnis f.: rivalry, jealousy

collēga collēgae m.: colleague
contentiō contentiōnis f.: quarrels, rivalry
prōcūrātor –ōris m.: procurator, governor, financial officer
īnglōrius –a –um: without honor, without fame
atterō atterere atterivī atterītus: to trample upon
sordidus –a –um: degrading, ignominious
minus: less (than)
triennium –ī n.: three year period
dētineō –ēre –uī –tentus: to keep away, keep occupied
comitor comitārī comitātus sum: to accompany
opīniō opīniōnis f.: public opinion, expectation
Britannia –ae f.: Britain
dēspondeō –spondere –spondi –sponsum: to betroth
collocō collocāre collocāvī collocātus: to settle/establish in marriage
adiciō adicere adiēcī adiectus: to add
pontificātus, –ātūs m.: the priesthood held by a pontifex
sacerdōtium –ī n.: priesthood

Agricola 10

Britannia –ae f.: Britain
scrīptor –ōris m.: writer
memorō memorāre memorāvī memorātus: to relate, mention
comparātiō comparātiōnis f.: comparison
perdomō perdomāre perdomuī perdomitum: to subdue completely
comperiō comperire comperī compertus: to find, ascertain
ēloquentia –ae f.: eloquence, oratory, correct speech
percolo percolere percolui percultum: to embellish
Rōmānus –a –um: Roman
nōtitia ae f.: knowledge
complector complectī complexus sum: to embrace, include, hold fast
māximus –a –um: greatest; maxime: most, especially
oriēns –entis m.: the east
Germānia –ae f.: Germany, the Roman province; Germany proper
occidēns –entis: the west
Hispānia –ae f.: Spain
obtendō –ere –tendī –tentus: to stretch opposite
Gallus –a –um: Gallic, pertaining to Gaul; (as a noun) a Gaul
merīdiēs merīdiēī m.: the south
īnspiciō –ere –spexī –spectus: to behold
septentrīōnālis –e: northern
vāstus –a –um: dreary, desolate, wide
apertus aperta apertum: open
pulsō pulsāre pulsāvī pulsātus: to hit
Līvius –ī m.: Livy, the historian
Fabius –īī m.: Fabius Rusticus
Rūsticus –a –um: Rusticus (a cognomen)
ēloquēns –entis: eloquent
oblongus –a –um: oblong
scūtum scūtī n.: shield (oblong, made of wood and leather)
bipennis –e: two-headed axe
adsimulō adsimulāre adsimulāvī adsimulātus: to liken, compare
citrā: on this side of (+acc.)
Calēdonia –ae f.: Caledonia, Scotland
ūniversus –a –um: all together, the entire; (in universum) in general
trānsgridior –gridī –gressus sum: to cross over
immēnsus –a –um: boundless, immense

enōrmis –e: unusually great, enormous
prōcurrō –currere –cucurrī –cursus: to project
cuneus –ī m.: wedge
tenuō tenuāre tenuāvī tenuātus: to make thin, narrow
ōra –ae f.: shore
Rōmānus –a –um: Roman
circumvehor circumvehī circumvectus sum: to sail round
affirmō affirmāre affirmāvī affirmātus: to assert, declare, state
incognitus –a –um: unknown
Orcas Orcadis f.: Orkneys
domō domāre domuī domitus: to subdue
dispiciō –ere –spexī –spectus: to descry
Thūlē –es f.: Thule
hāctenus: so far
appetō appetere appetīvī appetītus: to aim at, seek, covet; (intrans.) to approach
piger pigra pigrum: sluggish
rēmigō rēmigāre –āvī –ātus: to row
perhibeō –ēre –uī –itus: to relate, state
perinde: equally, as much
attollō attollere: to lift, raise, enlarge upon
quod: in that, the fact that, because
profundus –a –um: deep
mōlēs mōlis f.: mass, weight
continuus –a –um: uninterrupted, unbroken
impellō impellere impulī impulsus: to drive, charge, push forward
ōceanus –ī m.: Ocean (esp. the German Ocean)
aestus aestūs m.: tide
nusquam: nowhere
dominor dominārī: to act as lord, be master
tenus: as far as (with a preceding abl. or gen.)
accresco (or adresco) accrescere accrēvī accrētum: rise with the tide
resorbeō –ēre: to suck back; (pass.) ebb
īnfluō –fluere –flūxī –flūxum: to flow, flock in
penitus or penitē: far within, deeply
ambiō –īre –īvī or īī –ītus: to go round, go in and out
īnserō īnserere īnseruī īnsertus: to push, thrust in

Agricola 11

Britannia –ae f.: Britain
mortālis –e: mortal; (as a noun, pl.) humans, people
indigena –ae: a native
advehō –vehere –vexī –vectus: to convey to; (p.p.p. as noun) an immigrant
comperiō comperīre comperī compertus: to find, ascertain
habitus habitūs m.: character, physical appearance
argūmentum –ī n.: evidence, proof, testimony
rutilus –a –um: red, sandy-colored
Calēdonia –ae f.: Caledonia, Scotland
habitō habitāre habitāvī habitātus: to inhabit
artus artūs m.: limb
Germānicus –a –um: of Germany, Germanic
orīgō –inis f.: origin
assevērō –sevērāre: to affirm, assert
Silures Silurum m.: Silures
colōrō colorāre colorāvī colorātus: to color
torqueō torquēre torsī tortum: to twist, curl
crīnis crīnis m.: hair

Hispānia –ae f.: Spain
Hibērī –ōrum m. pl.: Iberians
trāiciō –icere –iēcī –iectum: to transport, cross over
proximus –a –um: next, nearest
Gallus –a –um: Gallic, pertaining to Gaul; (as a noun) a Gaul
dūrō dūrāre dūrāvī dūrātus: to remain, last, persist
orīgō –inis f.: origin
prōcurrō –ere –cucurrī or currī –cursus: to project
positiō positiōnis f.: situation; (with caeli) climate
ūniversus –a –um: all together, the entire; (in universum) in general
aestimō aestimāre aestimāvī aestimātus: value, test, judge
crēdibilis –e: credible
dēprehendō dēprehendere dēprehendī dēprehensus: to find, detect
superstitiō –ōnis f.: religious rite, national rite
persuāsiō persuāsiōnis f.: belief
dēposcō dēposcere dēpoposcī —: to demand
audācia audāciae f.: boldness
dētrectō –trectāre: to shirk, avoid
formīdō formīdinis f.: dread, fear
ferōcia –ae f.: boldness, high spirit
Britannī –ōrum m.: Britons
praeferō praeferre praetulī praelātus: to exhibit
ēmollīō –īre –iī –ītus: to enervate
flōreō flōrēre flōruī: to flourish, be at prime, be eminent
sēgnitia –ae f.: sloth, inactivity
pariter: equally
ēveniō ēvenīre ēvēnī ēventus: to happen, result

Agricola 12

pedes peditis m.: infantry
rōbur rōboris n.: strength
nātiō nātiōnis f.: tribe
proelior proeliārī proeliātus sum: to engage in battle
aurīga –ae m.: charioteer
cliēns clientis m.: dependant, vassal
prōpugnō –pugnāre: to fight in front, or in defence of
factiō –ōnis f.: party, party spirit, partisanship
distrāhō –trahere –traxī –tractum: to divide, distract
prōpulsō prōpulsāre: to ward off
conventus conventūs m.: union, meeting
singulī –ae –a: one at a time
ūniversus –a –um: (pl.) all together
crebēr crēbra crēbrum: frequent
imber imbris m.: rainshower
nebula –ae f.: mist, fog
asperitās asperitātis f.: harshness
frīgus frigoris n.: cold
orbis orbis m.: the world (with and without terrarum)
mēnsūra –ae f.: measure
Britannia –ae f.: Britain
exiguus –a –um: scanty, small
discrīmen discriminis n.: difference, interval
internōscō –noscere –nōvi –nōtum: to distinguish
quodsī: but if
nūbēs nūbis f.: cloud
officiō officere offēcī offectum: to block the way, obstruct, hide

fulgor –ōris m. or fulgur –ūris n.: flash, brightness, light
occidō occidere occidī occāsus: to set
ex(s)urgō –ere –surrēxī: to rise up
affirmō affirmāre affirmāvī affirmātus: to assert, declare, state
plānus –a –um: flat
humilis humile: low
ērigō ērigere ērēxī ērēctus: to raise, set up
īnfrā: below (+ acc.)
sōlum –ī n.: soil
olea, –ae f.: olive, olive tree
vītis –is f.: vine, grapevine
calidus –a –um: warm, hot
suēscō –ere suēvī suētus: to become accustomed
frūx frūgis f.: fruit
seges –etis f.: field of grain; standing corn
fēcundus –a –um: fruitful
mītēscō –ere: to ripen
prōveniō –venīre –vēnī –ventūrum: to come forth, start
ūmor –oris m.: moisture
Britannia –ae f.: Britain
metallum –ī n.: metal
ōceanus –ī m.: Ocean (esp. the German Ocean)
margarītum –ī n.: pearl
subfuscus –a –um: darkish
līveō –ēre: to be blackish, lead-colored
ruber rubra rubrum: red
vīvus –a –um: alive
spīrō spīrāre spīrāvī spīrātus: to breathe
āvellō –ere –vellī or vulsī –vulsus: to tear away
prout: according as, just as
expellō expellere expulī expulsus: to expel, throw up (on shore)
avāritia avāritiae f.: greed

Agricola 13

Britannī –ōrum m.: Britons
dilēctus –ūs m.: levy
tribūtum –ī n.: tribute
iniungō –iungere –iūnxī –iūnctum: to charge, enjoin, order
impiger –gra –grum: ready
obeō obīre obiī/obīvī obitum: to meet, discharge (an obligation)
tolerō tolerāre tolerāvī tolerātus: to endure
domō domāre domuī domitus: to subdue
Rōmānus –a –um: Roman
lūlius –ī m.: Julius Caesar
Britannia –ae f.: Britain
prōsper – or more frequently – prōsperus –a –um: fortunate, agreeable to one's wishes, favorable
incola incolae m. or f.: inhabitant
potior potiri potitus sum: to gain possession of (+ abl.)
videor vidēri vīsus sum: to seem
cīvīlis cīvīlis cīvīle: civil
oblīviō –ōnis f.: forgetfulness
Augustus –ī m.: Augustus, emperor 27 BCE-14 CE
Tiberius –ī m.: Tiberius, emperor 14-37 CE
Gāius –ī m.: Gaius, emperor 37-41 CE
Caesar Caesaris m.: Caesar

nī: unless
vĕlōx –ōcis: swift, quick
mōbilis –e: fickle
paenitentia –ae f.: repentance, regret
Germānia –ae f.: Germany, the Roman province; Germany proper
cōnātus cōnātūs m.: attempt
Claudius –a –um: Claudius, emperor 41-54 CE
iterō iterāre –āvī –ātum: to repeat
trānsvehō trānsvehere –vĕxī –vectum: to transport
assūmō (or adsūmō) –sūmere –sūmpsī –sūmptum: to take besides, take up, gather
Vespasiānus –ī m.: Vespasian, (later) emperor 69-79 CE
mōnstrō mōnstrāre mōnstrāvī mōnstrātus: to show, point out, display

Agricola 14

cōnsulāris cōnsulāris cōnsulāre: of consular rank; (as noun) ex-consul
Aulus –ī m.: Aulus
Plautius –īī m.: Plautius
praepōnō praepōnere praeposuī praepositum: to put in charge
subinde: next, immediately
Ostōrius –ī m.: Ostorius Scapula
Scapula, –ae m.: Ostorius Scapula
redigō redigere redēgī redāctum: to reduce, form
paulātim: gradually
proximus –a –um: nearest
Britannia –ae f.: Britain
īnsuper: further, moreover
veterānus –a –um: veteran; (as noun) a retired soldier
colōnia colōniae f.: colony
Togidumnus –ī m.: Togidumnus
fidus –a –um: trusted
prīdem: (with iam) long since
Rōmānus –a –um: Roman
instrūmentum –ī n.: tool, instrument
servitūs servitūtis f.: slavery
Dīdius –ī m.: Didius Gallus
Gallus –a –um: Gallus (a cognomen)
admodum: merely (stressing paucis)
castellum castellī n.: fort
prōmoveō –ēre –mōvī –mōtus: to push forward
Verānius –īī m.: Veranius
ex(s)tinguō exstinguere exstinxī exstinctus: to extinguish
Suētōnius –ī m.: Suetonius Paulinus
hinc: hence, next
Paulīnus –ī m.: Paulinus
biennium –ī n.: a period of two years
prōsper – or more frequently – prōsperus –a –um: prosperous, favorable
subigō subigere subēgī subāctum: to subdue
nātiō nātiōnis f.: tribe
firmō firmāre firmāvī firmātus: to make strong, strengthen
fidūcia fidūciae f.: confidence
Mona –ae f.: Anglesey
rebellis –e: rebellious; (as noun) a rebel, defector
ministrō ministrāre ministrāvī ministrātus: to supply
aggredior aggredī aggressus sum: to attack
occāsiō occāsiōnis f.: opportunity
patefaciō patefacere patefēcī patefactum: to open

Agricola 15

absentia –ae f.: absence

removeō removēre removī remōtus: to remove, take away

Britannī –ōrum m.: Britons

servitūs servitūtis f.: slavery

interpretor –pretārī or interpretō –pretāre: to explain, account for

accendō accendere accendī accēnsus: to fire, kindle, intensify

prōficiō prōficere prōfēcī prōfectum: to make progress, succeed, accomplish

patientia patientiae f.: submission, patience, long-suffering

nī: unless, except

tolerō tolerāre tolerāvī tolerātus: to endure

singulī –ae –a: one at a time

bīnī –ae –a: two at a time, pair

prōcūrātor –ōris m.: procurator, financial officer

saeviō saevire saevī saevitum: (with in) treat with cruelty, be brutal to

discordia discordiae f.: quarrel, disagreement

praepōnō praepōnere praeposū praepositum: to put in charge

concordia concordiae f.: unity, harmony

subiciō subicere subiēcī subiectus: to subject, subdue

exitiōsus –a –um: ruinous

centuriō centuriōnis m.: centurion

contumēlia contumēliae f.: insult

cupiditās cupiditātis f.: greed

spoliō spoliāre spoliāvī spoliātus: to take the spoils, strip (a dead enemy)

īgnāvus –a –um: cowardly

imbellis –e: unwarlike

abstrahō –trahere –trāxī –tractum: to drag away

līberī līberōrum m. pl.: children

iniungō –iungere –iūnxī –iūnctum: to charge, enjoin, order

dilēctus –ūs m.: levy

tantum: only

numerō numerāre numerāvī numerātus: to count

Germānia –ae f.: Germany, the Roman province; Germany proper

excutiō excutere excussī excussum: to shake off

ōceanus –ī m.: Ocean (esp. the German Ocean)

avāritia avāritiae f.: greed

luxuria luxuriae f.: extravagance

lūlius –īī m.: Julius Caesar

maiōres maiōrum m. pl.: ancestors

aemulōr aemulārī aemulātus sum: rival

neu or neve: nor

ēventus ēventūs m.: issue, result

pavēscō pavēscere – – : to fear, tremble

cōstantia cōstantiae f.: firmness, steadiness, determination

penes: with (+acc.)

misereor miserērī miseritus: to pity (+gen.)

Rōmānus –a –um: Roman

absēns absentis: absent

relēgō relēgāre relēgāvī relēgātus: to banish

dētineō –ēre –uī –tentus: to keep away, keep occupied

dēlīberō dēlīberāre dēlīberāvī dēlīberātus: to discuss, plan

porrō: moreover

perīculōsus –a –um: dangerous

dēprehendō dēprehendere dēprehendī dēprehensus: to overtake, catch, find, detect

Agricola 16

vicis vicis f.: change, succession; (invicem) by turns
īnstīnguō īnstīnguere īnstīnxī īnstīnctum: to inspire
Boudicca, –ae f.: Boudicca
sexus –ūs m.: a sex, gender
discernō –ere –crēvī –crētus: to make distinctions between
ūniversus –a –um: all together
castellum castellī n.: fort
cōnsector –sectārī: to hunt down, fall upon
expūgnō expugnāre expūgnāvī expūgnātus: to storm
colōnia colōniae f.: colony
invādō invādere invāsī invāsum: to attack
servitūs servitūtis f.: slavery
saevitia saevitiae f.: savagery
omittō omittere omīsī omissus: to neglect, pass over
quod: in that, the fact that, because
nī: unless
Paulīnus –ī m.: Suetonius Paulinus
mōtus mōtūs m.: uprising
properus –a –um: hasty, quick, swift
subveniō subvenīre subvēnī subventum: to come to help
Britannia –ae f.: Britain
patientia patientiae f.: submission, patience, long-suffering
restituō restituere restitūī restitūtus: to restore
cōnscientia cōnscientiae f.: consciousness, knowledge, conscience
dēfectiō dēfectiōnis f.: rebellion
arrogans –antis: overbearing, arrogant
dēdō dēdere dēdidī dēditus: to surrender
ultor –ōris m.: avenger
Petronius –ī m.: Petronius
Turpilīanus –ī m.: Turpilianus
exōrābilis –e: ready to listen to entreaties
dēlictum –ī n.: misdeed, crime
paenitentia –ae f.: repentance, regret
mītis mīte: mild, gentle
Trebellius –ī m.: Trebellius Maximus
Māximus –ī m.: Maximus (a cognomen)
sēgnis sēgne: slothful
experīmentum –ī n.: trial, experience
cōmitās –ātis f.: affability
īgnōscō īgnōscere īgnōvī īgnōtus: to pardon, condone (with dat.)
blandior blandīrī blandītus sum: entice, allure
interventus –tūs m.: intervention, occurrence (between two periods)
cīvīlis cīvīlis cīvīle: civil
sēgnitia –ae f.: sloth, inactivity
excūsātiō excūsātiōnis f.: excuse
discordia discordiae f.: quarrel, disagreement, mutiny
assuēscō assuescere assuēvī assuētum: to become accustomed
expeditiō –ōnis f.: active service, expedition, campaign
lascīviō –īre –īvī –ītum: to run riot
latebra –ae f.: hiding-place, hole
indecōrus –a –um: disgraced
humilis humile: low, humble, humiliated
precārius –a –um: doubtful, uncertain, precarious, transient; (precario) on sufferance
praesum praesesse praefuī praefutūrus: to be in charge
licentia licentiae f.: excess of liberty, license

sēditio seditio f.: mutiny, disturbance
Vettius -ii m.: Vettius
Bolanus -i m.: Bolanus
inertia inertiae f.: inactivity, idleness
erga: towards (+ acc.)
petulantia -ae f.: insolence, insubordination
innocens: upright, innocent
invictus -a -um: hated, the object of hostility
cāritās cāritātis f.: affection

Agricola 17

orbis orbis m.: the world (with and without terrarum)
Vespasianus -i m.: Vespasian, emperor 69-79
Britannia -ae f.: Britain
reciperō -āre (also recuperō -āre): to recover
minuō minuere minuī minūtus: to lessen
terror terrōris m.: fear
Petilius -i m.: Petilius Cerialis
Cereālis -is: Petilius Cerealis
Brigantes -um m.: Brigantes, a British tribe
numerōsus -a -um: populous
perhibeō -ēre -uī -itus: to relate, state
aggredior aggredī aggressus sum: to attack
incruentus -a -um: bloodless
amplector amplectī amplexus sum: to encompass, embrace
successor successōris m.: successor
obruō obruere obruī obrutum: to overwhelm, crush
mōlēs mōlis f.: mass, weight
Iulius -i m.: Julius
Frontinus -i m.: Julius Frontinus
pugnāx -ācis: warlike
Silures Silurum m.: Silures
subigō subigere subēgī subāctum: to subdue
difficultās difficultātis f.: difficulty
ēluctōr ēluctārī ēluctātus sum: to struggle against

Agricola 18

Britannia -ae f.: Britain
status statūs m.: state, condition
vicis vicis f.: change, succession
aestās aestātis f.: summer
trānsgridior -gridī -gressus sum: to cross, come over
Agricola -ae m.: Agricola
omittō omittere omīsī omissus: to neglect, pass over
expeditiō -ōnis f.: active service, expedition, campaign
sēcūritās -ātis f.: sense of ease
occāsiō occāsiōnis f.: opportunity
Ordovices -um m.: Ordovices, a British tribe
adventus adventūs m.: arrival
āla ālae f.: squadron of horse
ūniversus -a -um: the entire
obterō -terere -trīvi -trītum: to crush, annihilate
ērigō ērigere ērēxī ērēctus: to raise, rouse
opperior opperīri oppertus/opperitus sum: to wait to see
trānsvehō trānsvehere -vēxī -vectum: (of time, deponent) to pass by, elapse
praesūmō -sūmere -sūmpsī -sūmptus: to take for granted

quiēs quiētis f.: rest, quiet
contrārius –a –um: opposed, disadvantageous
incohō –āre –āvī –ātum: to begin
custōdiō custōdire custōdīvī custōdītus: to guard
suspiciō suspicere suspexī suspectus: to suspect
videor vidērī vīsus sum: to seem
obviam: towards, to meet (+ dat.)
discrīmen discriminis n.: danger
contrahō contrahere contrāxī contractus: to draw together, muster
vexillum –ī n.: standard, flag, (of a unit of soldiers) detachment
modicus modica modicum: moderate
dēgredior dēgredī dēgressus sum: to come down, descend
ērigō ērigere ērēxī ērēctus: to set up, send up
ūniversus –a –um: the entire
īgnārus –a –um: ignorant
īnstō īnstāre īnstīī īnstatūrus: to press upon (dat.)
prout: according as, just as
terror terrōris m.: fear
Mona –ae f.: Anglesey
possessiō possessiōnis f.: occupation, seizure
Paulīnus –ī m.: Paulinus
rebelliō –ōnis f.: renewal of war, outbreak, revolt
memorō memorāre memorāvī memorātus: to relate, mention
redigō redigere redēgī redāctum: to render, bring (+ in)
subitus –a –um: sudden
cōstantia cōstantiae f.: firmness, steadiness, determination
trānsvehō trānsvehere –vēxī –vectum: to transport
dēpōnō dēpōnere dēposuī dēpositus: to lay aside
sarcina –ae f.: baggage
auxiliāris –e: auxiliary; (as a noun) auxiliary troops
vadum –ī n.: shallow, ford
patrius –a –um: national
nō nāre nāvī: to swim
repente: suddenly
immittō immittere immīsī immīssus: to fling upon, let loose
obstupefaciō –facere –fēcī –factus: to amaze
arduus –a –um: difficult
invictus –a –um: invincible
dēdō dēdere dēdidī dēditus: to surrender
ostentātiō –ōnis f.: display
ambitus –ūs m.: going round, canvassing
trānsigō trānsigere trānsēgī trānsāctum: to pass
prōsperitās prōsperitātis f.: success
vānitās –ātis f.: personal display
expeditiō –ōnis f.: active service, expedition, campaign
laureātus –a –um: wreathed with laurel leaves
prōsequor prōsequī prōsecūtus sum: to follow up, report
dissimulātiō dissimulātiōnis f.: concealment, suppression
aestimō aestimāre aestimāvī aestimātus: value, test, judge

***Agricola* 19**

prūdēns: having knowledge of
experīmentum –ī n.: trial, experience
prōficiō prōficere prōfēcī prōfectum: to accomplish
excīdō –cīdere –cīdī –cīsus: to cut away, remove
coerceō coercēre coercuī coercitus: to constrain, restrain, restrict

arduus –a –um: difficult
libertus libertī m.: freedman
commendātiō commendātiōnis f.: recommendation
centuriō centuriōnis m.: centurion
adsciō –scīre: to attach as staff members
optimus –a –um: best
fidus –a –um: trusted
exsequor exsequī exsecūtus sum: to follow up, punish
peccātum –ī n.: misdeed, fault
venia veniae f.: pardon
sevērītās sevērītātis f.: strictness, sternness
commodō commodāre commodāvī commodātus: to bestow
paenitentia –ae f.: repentance, regret
contentus –a –um: satisfied
administrātiō administrātiōnis f.: official charge, office
praepōnō praepōnere praeposūī praepositus: to put at the head of (+acc. and dat.)
tribūtum –ī n.: tribute
exāctiō exāctiōnis f.: requisitioning, collecting
aequālītās –ātis f.: equity, fair distribution
mollīō mollīre mollīvī mollītus: to soften, lighten
circumcīdō –cīdere –cīdī –cīsum: to curtail
quaestus quaestūs m.: gain
tolerō tolerāre tolerāvī tolerātus: to endure
lūdibrium –ī n.: mockery
assideō assidēre assēdī assessus: to sit by
horreum –ī n.: granary, barn
emō emere emī ēmptus: to buy
ultrō: still further, of one's own accord
luō luere luī: to discharge (an obligation), satisfy
dīvortium –ī n.: by-way, circuitous route
longinquitās –ātis f.: distance
indīcō indīcere indīxī indictus: to order
proximus –a –um: nearest
hīberna –ōrum n.: winter-quarters
removeō removēre removī remōtus: to remove, take away
āvius –a –um: unfrequented, inaccessible
prōmptus –a –um: close at hand, easy
lucrōsus –a –um: gainful, profitable

Agricola 20

comprimō comprimere compressī compressum: to check, abolish
circumdō circumdare circumdēī circumdatus: to put round (+acc. and dat.)
incūria –ae f.: carelessness
intolerantia –ae f.: overbearing conduct
aestās aestātis f.: summer
conrahō contrahere contrāxī contractus: to draw together, muster
modestia –ae f.: obedience, orderliness
dīsiciō –ere –iēcī –iectus: to scatter
coerceō coercēre coercuī coercitus: to constrain, hold together
aestuārium –ī n.: estuary, firth, tidal creek
praetemptō praetemptāre praetemptāvī praetemptātus: to test beforehand
quiētus –a –um: quiet, peaceful
quō: (expresses degree of difference)
subitus –a –um: sudden
excursus excursūs m.: raid
populor –ārī –ātus sum: to lay waste

irritāmentum –ī n.: means for exciting, incentive
ostentō ostentāre ostentāvī ostentātus: to display, hold out
obses obsidis m. or f.: hostage
castellum castellī n.: fort
circumdō circumdare circumdedī circumdatus: to surround (+acc. and abl.).
Britannia –ae f.: Britain
inlaccessītus –a –um: unmolested

Agricola 21

salūber salūbris salūbre: healing, salutary
absūmō absumere absūmpsī absūmptum: to spend
dispergō –spergere –spersī –spersus: to scatter
rudis –e: untrained, uncultivated
quiēs –tis: quiet, peace
assuēscō assuescere assuēvī assuētum: to become accustomed
privātim: privately
adiuvō adiuvāre adiūvī adiūvatus: to help
exstruō –struere –strūxī –strūctus: to build up
prōmptus –a –um: energetic, eager
castīgō castīgāre castīgāvī castīgātus: chastise
sēgnis sēgne: slothful
aemulātiō aemulātiōnis f.: rivalry, jealousy
liberālis liberālis liberāle: befitting the free, liberal
ērudīō –rudīre –rudīī –rudītum: to train, educate
Britannī –ōrum m.: Britons
Gallus –a –um: Gallic, pertaining to Gaul; (as a noun) a Gaul
anteferō –ferre –tulī –lātus –ferre: to put before, prefer
Rōmānus –a –um: Roman
abnuō abnuere abnuī abnuitūrus: refuse
ēloquentia –ae f.: eloquence, oratory, correct speech
concupiscō concupiscere concupivī concupītus: to yearn for, desire, covet
habitus habitūs m.: garb, clothing
toga togae f.: toga
paulātīm: gradually
discēdō discēdere discessī discessus: decamp, leave one situation for another
dēlēnīmentum –ī n.: attraction
porticus porticūs f.: covered walk, colonnade
balneum or balineum –ī n.: a bath
ēlegantia –ae f.: refinement
imperītus –a –um: ignorant, inexperienced
hūmānitās hūmānitātis f.: culture, civilization
servitūs servitūtis f.: slavery

Agricola 22

expeditiō –ōnis f.: active service, expedition, campaign
vāstō vāstāre vāstāvī vāstātus: to lay waste
Taum –ī n.: Firth of Tay
aestuārium –ī n.: estuary, firth, tidal creek
nātiō nātiōnis f.: tribe
formīdō formīdinis f.: dread, fear
cōnflīctō cōnflīctāre: to knock about, afflict
lacēssō lacēssere lacēssivī lacēssītus: to attack first, provoke
īnsuper: further, moreover
castellum castellī n.: fort
annotō –notāre: to notice, remark
perītus –a –um: skilled, experienced; (as a noun) an expert

opportunitās –ātis f.: suitability; (with locorum) advantageous position
sapiēnter: prudently, knowledgeably
Agricola –ae m.: Agricola
castellum castellī n.: fort
expūgnō expūgnāre expūgnāvī expūgnātus: to storm
pactiō –ōnis f.: agreement
obsidiō obsidiōnis f.: siege
annuus –a –um: a year's worth
firmō firmāre firmāvī firmātus: to make strong, strengthen
intrepidus –a –um: free from alarm
crebēr crēbra crēbrum: frequent
ēruptiō –ōnis f.: sally
irritus –a –um: ineffective
dēspērō dēspērāre dēspērāvī dēspērātus: to despair
aestās aestātis f.: summer
hīberna –ōrum n.: winter-quarters
ēventus ēventūs m.: issue, result
pēnsō pēnsāre: to balance
aestās aestātis f.: summer
iūxtā: alike, equally
avidus –a –um: greedy, grasping
intercipiō –cipere –cēpī –ceptus: to appropriate
centuriō centuriōnis m.: centurion
praefectus praefectī m.: commander (of fleet, cavalry, cohort of auxiliaries)
incorruptus –a –um: unbiassed, sincere
acerbus –a –um: harsh
convīcium –ī n.: censure
cōmis –e: kind, courteous, affable
iniūcundus –a –um: unpleasant
īrācundia īrācundiae f.: irascibility, rage
sēcrētus –a –um: hidden
silentium silenti(ī) n.: silence
offendō offendere offendī offēnsus: to give offence to, hurt

Agricola 23

aestās aestātis f.: summer
obteneō obtinēre obtinuī obtentus: to hold, maintain, secure
percurrō –currere –cucurrī –cursus: to traverse, overrun
īnsūmō īnsūmere īnsūmpsī īnsūmptum: to spend
Rōmānus –a –um: Roman
Britannia –ae f.: Britain
terminus –ī m.: bounds, limit
Clōta –ae: Firth of Clyde
Bodotria –ae f.: Firth of Forth
aestus aestūs m.: tide
immēnsus –a –um: boundless, immense
revehō –vehere –vexī –vectus: to carry back
angustus –a –um: narrow
dirimō –ere –ēmī –ēemptus: to separate
firmō firmāre firmāvī firmātus: to make strong, strengthen
summoveō –mōvī –mōtus: to clear off, remove

Agricola 24

quīntus –a –um: 5th
expeditiō –ōnis f.: active service, expedition, campaign
trānsgridior –gridī –gressus sum: to cross, come over

īgnōtus –a –um: unknown
crebēr crēbra crēbrum: frequent
prōsper – or more frequently – prōsperus –a –um: favorable, successful
domō domāre domuī domitus: to subdue
Britannia –ae f.: Britain
Hibernia –ae f.: Ireland
īnstruō īnstruere īnstrūxī īnstrūctus: equip
formīdō formīdinis f.: dread, fear
Hispānia –ae f.: Spain
Gallicus –a –um: of Gaul, Gallic
opportūnus –a –um: handy, convenient
vicis vicis f.: change, succession; (invicem) mutually, by turns
angustus –a –um: narrow
sōlum –ī n.: soil
cultus cultūs m.: training, civilization, education, habit
melior melius: better
aditus aditūs m.: approach
portus portūs m.: harbor
commercium –īī n.: trade, interchange, commercial dealings
negōtiātor –ōris m.: businessman, dealer
Agricola –ae m.: Agricola
expellō expellere expulī expulsus: to expel, banish
sēditiō sēditiōnis f.: mutiny, disturbance
domesticus –a –um: at home, private
rēgulus –ī m.: ruler of a small country
occāsiō occāsiōnis f.: opportunity
modicus modica modicum: moderate
dēbellō dēbellāre dēbellāvī dēbellātus: to conquer
obtineō obtinēre obtinuī obtentus: to hold, maintain, secure
Rōmānus –a –um: Roman
ubīque: everywhere
cōnspectus conspectūs m.: sight

Agricola 25

aestās aestātis f.: summer
sextus –a –um: 6th
incohō –āre –āvī –ātum: to begin
amplector amplectī amplexus sum: to embrace, encircle
trāns: across
Bodotria –ae f.: Firth of Forth
situs –a –um: situated
mōtus mōtūs m.: uprising
ūniversus –a –um: all together
īnfestus –a –um: beset
hostīlis hostīlis hostīle: of an enemy, hostile
portus portūs m.: harbor
explōrō explōrāre explōrāvī explōrātus: to reconnoitre
Agricola –ae m.: Agricola
adsūmō –sūmere –sūmpsī –sūmptum: to take besides, gather
impellō impellere impulī impulsum: to push forward
pedes peditis m.: foot soldier, infantry
nauticus –a –um: naval
laetitia laetitiae f.: joy, gladness
attollō attollere: to lift, raise, vaunt
profundus –a –um: deep
hinc: hence, next

ōceanus –ī m.: Ocean (esp. the German Ocean)
militāris –ris –re: military, of soldiers
iactāntia –ae f.: boasting
Britannī –ōrum m.: Britons
captīvus captīvī m.: prisoner
obstupefaciō –facere –fēcī –factus: to amaze
apertus aperta apertum: open
sēcrētus –a –um: remote, hidden; (as a noun) remoteness
perfugium –ī n.: refuge
Calēdonia –ae f.: Caledonia, Scotland
incolō incolere incoluī: to inhabit
parātus –ūs m.: preparation
īgnōtus –a –um: unknown
oppugnō oppugnāre oppugnāvī oppugnātus: to attack
ultrō: of one's own accord
castellum castellī n.: fort
adorior adorīri adortus sum: to attack
 prōvocō prōvocāre –āvī –ātus: to challenge, provoke
regredior regredī regressus sum: to return
citrā: on this side of
Bodotria –ae f.: Firth of Forth
īgnāvus –a –um: cowardly
prūdēns: prudent, having knowledge of
admoneō admonēre admonuī admonitus: to warn, advise
irrupō irrupere irrūpī irrumptus: to burst upon
perītia –ae f.: skill
circumeo circumīre circumī/circumīvī circuitus: to surround
incēdō incēdere incessī incessus: to march

Agricola 26

repente: suddenly
ūniversus –a –um: all together
nōnus –a –um: 9th
maximē: most, especially
invalidus –a –um: weak
aggredior aggredī aggressus sum: to attack
trepidātiō –ōnis f.: alarm, bustle
vigil –ilis: sentinel
irrupō irrupere irrūpī irrumptus: to burst upon
Agricola –ae m.: Agricola
explōrātor –ōris m.: scout
ēdoceō –ēre –uī –tus: to inform thoroughly
īnsequor īnsequī īnsecūtus sum: to follow up
vēlōx –ōcis: swift
pedes peditis m.: foot soldier, infantry
assultō –āre –āvī –ātum: to attack
adiciō adicere adiēcī adiectus: to add
propinquus –a –um: near
fulgeō fulgēre fulsī: to flash
anceps: twofold
Britannī –ōrum m.: Britons
nōnānus –a –um: belonging to the 9th (Legion)
ultrō: of one's own accord
ērumpō ērumpere ērūpī ēruptus: to sally out
atrōx: fierce, terrible
angustiae –ārum f.: narrow places

uterque utraque utrumque: both
egeō egēre eguī: to need
videor vidēri vīsus sum: to seem
nī: unless
palūs –ūdis f.: marsh, swamp
dēbellō dēbellāre dēbellāvī dēbellātus: to conquer

Agricola 27

cōnscientia cōnscientiae f.: consciousness, knowledge
ferōx ferōcis: bold, emboldened, headstrong
invius –a –um: impassable, inaccessible
penetrō penetrāre penetrāvī penetrātus: to traverse, go right through
Calēdonia –ae f.: Caledonia, Scotland
Britannia –ae f.: Britain
terminus –ī m.: limit, endpoint
continuus –a –um: uninterrupted, unbroken
fremō fremere fremuī: to clamor
cautus –a –um: cautious, discreet
sapiens –ientis: wise, prudent
prōptus –a –um: ready, quick, eager
ēventus ēventūs m.: issue, result
magniloquus –a –um: talking loudly or boastfully
inīquus –a –um: unfair
prōsper – or more frequently – prōsperus –a –um: prosperous, favorable
vindicō vindicāre vindicāvī vindicātus: to claim
imputō –putāre: to credit, ascribe
Britannī –ōrum m.: Britons
occāsiō occāsiōnis f.: opportunity
arrogantia –ae f.: arrogance, haughtiness
remittō remittere remisī remissum: to give up, lessen
quō: (expresses degree of difference)
iuventūs iuventūtis f.: the men of military age
armō armāre armāvī armātus: arm
līberī līberōrum m. pl.: children
trānsferō trānsferre trānstulī trānslātus: to transfer
coetus coetūs m.: assembly, gathering
sacrificium sacrifici(ī) n.: sacrifice
cōnspīrātiō –ōnis f.: confederacy
sanciō sancīre sānxī sānctus: to confirm, sanction
inrītō inrītāre inrītāvī inrītātus: to enrage
utrimque: on both sides

Agricola 28

aestās aestātis f.: summer
Usipī, –ōrum m.: Usipi, a Germanic people
Germānia –ae f.: Germany, the Roman province; (pl.) Upper and Lower Germany
cōnscrībō cōnscrībere cōnscrīpsī cōnscrīptus: to enroll, conscript
Britannia –ae f.: Britain
trānsmittō –ere –mīsī –missus: to send across
memorābilis –e: worth recording, famous
centuriō centuriōnis m.: centurion
immisceō –miscuī –mixtus: to intermingle
manipulus –ī m.: maniple, company of 2 centuries
rēctor –ōris m.: guide
liburnica –ae: (sc. navis) a fast cruiser
adigō adigere adēgī adāctus: to force, compel

gubernātor –ōris m.: navigator
suspīciō –spicere –spexī –spectum: suspect
vulgō vulgāre vulgāvī vulgātus: to publish, spread abroad
rūmor rūmōris m.: story, report
mīrāculum –ī n.: wonder, apparition
praevehor –vehī –vectus sum: to sail past
ūtēnsilia –ium n.: necessities
dēvertō dēvertere dēvertī dēversum: to turn from
Britannī –ōrum m.: Britons
dēfēnsō –sāre –sāvī –sātum : to defend
congregior congregī congressus sum: to meet
inopia inopiae f.: want, poverty
īnfīrmus –a –um: weak
vēscor vēscī: to feed on (here with acc.)
circumvehor circumvehī circumvectus sum: to sail round
īnscītia –ae f.: ignorance, inexperience
praedō praedōnis m.: pirate
Suēbī –ōrum m. pl.: the Suebi (a Germanic tribe)
Frisiī, –ōrum m. : Frisii, a people of Northern Europe
intercipiō –cipere –cēpī –ceptus: to catch
commercium –īī n.: trade, interchange, commercial dealings
vēnumdo –dare –dedī –datus: to sell
mūtātiō –ōnis f.: exchange
emō emere ēmī ēmptus: to buy
indiciū indici(ī) n.: sign, indication, report
illūstrō illūstrāre illūstrāvī illūstrātus: to illuminate, make famous

Agricola 29

aestās aestātis f.: summer
Agricola –ae m.: Agricola
domesticus –a –um: private
īciō īcere īcī ictum: to strike
ambitiōsus –a –um: ostentatious, pretentious
lāmenta –ōrum n.: mourning
maeror maerōris m.: mourning, sorrow
muliebris muliebris muliebre: feminine, womanish
lūctus lūctūs m.: grief, mourning
remedium remediī n.: cure, remedy
praemittō praemittere praemīsī praemissum: to send in advance
praedor –dārī praedātus sum: to plunder, raid
īncertus –a –um: undefined
terror terrōris m.: fear
expediō expedire expediī/expediīvī expeditus: to set free of encumbrances
Britannī –ōrum m.: Britons
explōrō explōrāre explōrāvī explōrātus: to reconnoitre
Graupius –ī m. : Graupius, a mountain in Scotland
īnsīdō –sidere –sēdī –sessus: to take position on, occupy
ēventus ēventūs m.: issue, result
ultiō –ōnis f.: revenge
servitium serviti(ī) n.: slavery
doctus –a –um: educated, having been taught
concordia concordiae f.: unity, harmony
prōpulsō prōpulsāre: to ward off
lēgātiō lēgātiōnis f.: embassy
foedus foederis n.: league, treaty
excīō –cīre –cīvī –ītus: to arouse

trīgintā: thirty
mīlia mīlium n.: thousands
armō armāre armāvī armātus: arm
adfluō –fluere –flūxī –flūxus: to flock in
iuventūs iuventūtis f.: the men of military age
crūdus –a –um: fresh, vigorous
viridis –e: vigorous, green
senectūs senectūtis f.: old age
gestō gestāre gestāvī gestātus: to wear, flaunt
Calgacus –ī m.: Calgacus
contrahō contrahere contrāxī contractus: to draw together, muster

Agricola 30

intueor intuērī intuitus sum: to look upon
hodiernus –a –um: of today
cōnsēnsus –ūs m.: unanimity, agreement
Britannia –ae f.: Britain
ūniversus –a –um: all together
coeō coīre coīvī/coīī coitus: to come together
servitūs servitūtis f.: slavery
expers expertis: free from, with no part in (+gen.)
immineō imminēre: to overhang, threaten (+dat.)
Rōmānus –a –um: Roman
īgnāvus –a –um: cowardly
tūtus –a –um: safe
subsidiū subsidi(ī) n.: support
penetrālis –le: innermost
situs –a –um: situated
contāctus –ūs m.: contact, contagion
dominātiō –ōnis f.: tyranny
inviolātus –a –um: unharmed, unpolluted
recessus –ūs m.: retired place
terminus –ī m.: boundary, endpoint
īgnōtus –a –um: unknown
magnificus –a –um: magnificent, great
nī: unless
īnfestus –a –um: hostile
superbia superbiae f.: pride
obsequium –ī n.: obedience
modestia –ae f.: obedience, orderliness
effugiō effugere effūgī: to escape
raptor –ōris m.: plunderer
orbis orbis m.: the world (with and without terrarum)
vāstō vāstāre vāstāvī vāstātus: to lay waste
scrūtōr scrūtārī scrūtātus sum: to search, scan
locuplēs –ētis: wealthy, rich
avārus –a –um: grasping, avaricious
ambitiōsus –a –um: ostentatious, pretentious
Oriēns –entis m.: the East
Occidēns –entis: the West
satiō satiāre satiāvī satiātum: to glut
inopia inopiae f.: want, poverty
affectus –ūs m.: longing, desire, affection
concupiscō concupiscīre concupīvī concupītus: to yearn for, desire, covet
trucidō trucidāre trucidāvī trucidātus: to butcher, massacre
sōlitūdō –inis f.: wilderness

Agricola 31

liberī liberōrum m. pl.: children
propinquus –a –um: (in pl. as noun) relatives
dilēctus –ūs m.: levy
alibī: elsewhere
hostīlis hostīlis hostīle: of an enemy, hostile
effugiō effugere effūgī: to escape
amicus amīcī m.: friend
polluō –ere –uī –ūtus: to pollute, violate
tribūtum –ī n.: tribute
palūs –ūdis f.: marsh, swamp
ēmūniō –īre –īī –ītus: to put a road over
verber –eris n.: lash
contumēlia contumēliae f.: insult
contero conterere contrīvī contrītum: to wear out
nātus –a –um: born
servitūs servitūtis f.: slavery
mancipium –ī n.: slave
vēneō –īre –īī (or –īvī) –ītum: to be sold
ultrō: of one's own accord
dominus dominī m.: lord, master
Britannia –ae f.: Britain
servitūs servitūtis f.: slavery
cotīdiē/cotīdiē: daily
emō emere emī ēmptus: to buy
cotīdiē: daily
pāscō pāscere pāvī pāstum: to feed
conserva –ae f. and conservus –ī m.: fellow–slave
lūdibrium –īī n.: mockery
orbis orbis m.: the world (with and without terrarum)
famulātus –ūs m.: slave establishment
vīlis vīlis vīle: cheap
excidium –īī n.: destruction
metallum –īī n.: (pl.) mines
portus portūs m.: harbor
reservō reservāre reservāvī reservātus: to reserve, keep
porrō: moreover
ferōcia –ae f.: boldness, high spirit
subiciō subicere subiēcī subiectus: to subject, subdue
longinquitās –ātis f.: distance
sēcrētus –a –um: remote, hidden
quō: (expresses degree of difference)
tūtus –a –um: safe
suspiciō suspicere suspexī suspectus: to suspect
venia veniae f.: pardon
Brigantes –um m.: Brigantes, a British tribe
exūrō –ūrere –ussī –ūstus: to burn up
colōnia colōniae f.: colony
expūgnō expaugnāre expūgnāvī expūgnātus: to storm
nī: unless
fēlīcītās –ātis f.: happiness
sōcordia –ae f.: negligence, indolence
exuō exuere exuī exūtus: to put off, cast off
indomitus –a –um: unsubdued
paenitentia –ae f.: repentance, regret

bellō bellāre bellāvī bellātus: to make war
congressus –ūs m.: meeting (in battle)
Calēdonia –ae f.: Caledonia, Scotland
sēpōnō –pōnere –posuī –positum: to reserve

Agricola 32

Rōmānus –a –um: Roman
lascīvia –ae f.: riotous living
dissēnsiō –ōnis f.: disagreement
discordia discordiae f.: quarrel, disagreement
contrahō contrahere contrāxī contractus: to draw together, muster
dissolvō dissolvere dissolvī dissolūtus: to break up
nī: unless
Gallus –a –um: Gallic, pertaining to Gaul; (as a noun) a Gaul
Germānī –ōrum m.: Germans
pudet pudēre puduit/puditum est: (impersonal) it puts to shame
Britannī –ōrum m.: Britons
plērīque –aeque –aque: very many
dominātiō –ōnis f.: tyranny
commodō commodāre commodāvī commodātus: to lend, bestow
fidēs –eī f.: loyalty
affectus –ūs m.: longing, desire, affection
terror terrōris m.: fear
īnfīrmus –a –um: weak
cāritās cāritātis f.: affection
removeō removēre removī remōtus: to remove, take away
incitāmentum –ī n.: inducement
accendō accendere accendī accēnsus: to fire, kindle
exprobō exprobāre exprobāvī exprobātus: to unbraid, censure, taunt
trepidus –a –um: alarmed
ignōrantia –ae f.: ignorance
īgnōtus –a –um: unknown
circumspectō circumspectāre circumspectāvī circumspectātus: to look round upon
quōdammodo: in a certain way
vinciō vincīre vīnxī vīnctum: to bind
aspectus aspectūs m.: sight, appearance
fulgor –ōris m. or fulgur –ūris n.: flash
vulnerō vulnerāre vulnerāvī vulnerātus: to wound
āgnōscō āgnōscere āgnōvī agnitus: to recognize
Britannī –ōrum m.: Britons
recordor recordārī recordātus sum: to remember
nūper: lately, recently
Usipī, –ōrum m.: Usipi, a Germanic people
formīdō formīdinis f.: dread, fear
castellum castellī n.: fort
colōnia colōniae f.: colony
iniūstus –a –um: unjust
mūnicipium mūnicipi(ī) n.: township
discordō –dāre –dāvī –dātum: to disagree
tribūtum –ī n.: tribute
metallum –ī n.: (pl.) mines
perferō perferre pertulī perlātus: to endure
ulcīscor ulcīscī ultus sum: to avenge
proinde: accordingly
maiōrēs maiōrum: ancestors

Agricola 33

alacer alacris alacre: eager, excited

fremitus –ūs m.: clamor

cantus –ūs m.: singing

dissonus –a –um: confused in sound, dissonant

fulgor –ōris m. or fulgur –ūris n.: flash

prōcursus –ūs m.: forward movement

īnstruō īnstruere īnstrūxī īnstrūctus: draw up

Agricola –ae m.: Agricola

mūnīmentum –ī n.: fortification

coerceō coercēre coercuī coercitus: to constrain, restrain

accendō accendere accendī accēnsus: to fire, kindle

disserō disserere disseruī dissertus: to speak, make speech

septimus –a –um: 7th

commilitō –ōnis m.: fellow-soldier

auspiciū auspiciī (ī) n.: divination; (pl.) auspices

Rōmānus –a –um: Roman

fidēs –eī f.: loyalty

Britannia –ae f.: Britain

expeditiō –ōnis f.: active service, expedition, campaign

fortitūdō fortitūdinis f.: bravery, courage

patientia patientiae f.: endurance, patience

paenitet paenitēre paenituit: to regret (+acc. and gen.)

terminus –ī m.: endpoint, limit

rūmor rūmōris m.: story, report

subigō subigere subēgī subāctum: to subdue

equidem: indeed

palūs –ūdis f.: marsh, swamp

fatigō fatigāre fatigāvī fatigātus: to wear out

latebra –ae f.: hiding-place, hole

extrūdō –trūdere –trūsī –trūsum: to thrust out

apertus aperta apertum: open

prōnus –a –um: easy

tantum: so much (+ gen.)

ēvādō ēvādere ēvāsī ēvāsus: to pass through, escape

aestuārium –ī n.: estuary, firth, tidal creek

decōrus –a –um: honorable

periculōsus –a –um: dangerous

prōsper – or more frequently – prōsperus –a –um: favorable

nōtitia ae f.: knowledge

commeātus commeatūs m.: provisions

abundantia –ae f.: abundance, lavishness

attineō attinēre attinuī attentum: to hold near, delay, stretch towards; (attinet) pertain

prīdem: (with iam) long since

proinde: accordingly

potior potius: better, preferable (comparative of potis)

incolumitās –ātis f.: safety

inglōrius –a –um: without honor, without fame

Agricola 34

īgnōtus –a –um: unknown

recēnsēō –sēre –suī –sus or –situs: to recount, review

proximus –a –um: most recent, last

fūrtum fūrtī n.: stealth

aggredior aggredī aggressus sum: to attack

dēbellō dēbellāre dēbellāvī dēbellātus: to conquer

Britannī –ōrum m.: Britons
fugāx –ācis: swift in flight
superstes –itis: surviving
saltus saltūs m.: mountain-pass, glade
penetrō penetrāre penetrāvī penetrātus: to traverse, go right through
ruō ruere ruī rūtum: to rush
pavidus –a –um: trembling, alarmed
iners: inactive, cowardly
sonus sonī m.: sound
prīdem: (with iam) long since
īgnāvus –a –um: cowardly
quod: in that, the fact that, because
restō restāre restitī: to resist
dēprehendō dēprehendere dēprehendī dēprehensus: to overtake, catch
torpor torpōris m.: numbness (of fear), stupefaction, paralysis
dēfigō dēfigere dēfixī dēfixus: to fix firmly
spectābilis –e: visible, notable, remarkable
trānsigō trānsigere trānsēgī trānsāctum: to pass; (with cum) have done with
expeditiō –ōnis f.: active service, expedition, campaign
quīnquāgintā: 50
approbō –āre –āvī –ātum: to prove or make approved
imputō –putāre: to credit, ascribe
rebello –āre –āvī –ātum: to rebel

Agricola 35

alloquor alloquī allocūtus: to address
Agricola –ae m.: Agricola
ārdor ārdōris m.: ardor, fire, zeal
ēmineō –minēre –minuī: to stand out, blaze out
alacritās –ātis f.: eagerness
discurrō –currere –cucurrī –cursus: to run about, run in different directions
īnstinguō īnstinguere īnstīnxī īnstīnctum: to inspire
ruō ruere ruī rūtum: to rush
dispōnō dispōnere dispōsuī dispōsitus: to arrange
pedes peditis m.: foot soldier, infantry
octō: 8
mīlia mīlium n.: thousands
fīrmō fīrmāre fīrmāvī fīrmātus: to make strong, strengthen
affundo affundere affūdī affūsus: to spread around
vallum vallī n.: rampart, entrenchment
citrā: short of, without
Rōmānus –a –um: Roman
bellō bellāre bellāvī bellātus: to make war
Britannī –ōrum m.: Britons
terror terrōris m.: fear
acclīvis –e: uphill, sloping
cōnectō –nectere –nexuī –nexus: to bring close together
īnsurgō –surgere –surrēxi –rēctus: to rise up
covīnnārius –a –um: in chariots
strepitus –ūs m.: noise
discursus –ūs m.: maneuvering
compleō complere complēvī complētus: to fill full
dīdūcō –dūcere –dūxī –ductum: to draw apart, open out
porrigō porrigere porrēxī porrēctum: to stretch forward
arcessō arcessere arcessīvī arcessītus: to send for, summon
admoneō admonēre admonuī admonitus: to warn, advise

prōmptus –a –um: ready, quick
firmus –a –um: strong, unyielding
vexillum –ī n.: standard, flag, company

Agricola 36

congressus –ūs m.: meeting (in battle)
ēminus: at a distance
cōstantia cōstantiae f.: firmness, steadiness, determination
Britannī –ōrum m.: Britons
caetra –ae f.: short Spanish shield
missilis –e: missile
excutiō excutere excussī excussum: to shake off, beat off, parry
superfundō –fundere –fūsī –fūsum: pour on
Agricola –ae m.: Agricola
Batavī –ōrum m.: the Batavi or Batavians
Tungrī –ōrum m.: Tungri (a Gallic people)
cohortor –ārī cohortātus sum: to exhort, encourage
mūcrō –ōnis m.: sword-point
vetustās vetustātis f.: long period
mīlitia –ae f.: military service
exercitō exercitāre: to train
inhabilis –e: awkward to handle
scūtum scūtī n.: shield (oblong, made of wood and leather)
ēnōrmis –e: unusually great, enormous
mūcrō –ōnis m.: sword-point
complector complectī complexus sum: to embrace, include, hold fast
artus –a –um: confined, narrow; (as a noun) a narrow space, tight quarters
tolerō tolerāre tolerāvī tolerātus: to endure, sustain
feriō ferīre: to strike
umbō –ōnis m.: boss of shield
fodiō fodere fōdī fossum: to stab
sternō sternere strāvī strātus: to lay low
adsistō adsistere adstītī: to stand
ērigō ērigere ērēxī ērēctus: to send up
collis collis m.: hill
aemulātiō aemulātiōnis f.: rivalry, jealousy
cōnītor –nītī –nīsus sum: to strive
proximus –a –um: nearest
sēminex (nom. not in use) sēminecis: half-dead
festīnātiō –ōnis f.: haste
turma turmae f.: troop of horse
covīnnārius –a –um: on chariots; (as a noun) charioteer
pedes peditis m.: foot soldier, infantry
terror terrōris m.: fear
dēnsus –a –um: thick, close-packed, dense
inaequālis –e: uneven, not level
haereō haerēre haesī haesūrus: to stick, be hemmed in
minimus –a –um: least, very little
equester –tris –tre: of cavalry
impellō impellere impulī impulsum: to drive, push forward
exterreō –terrēre –terruī –territus: to frighten
rēctor –ōris m.: driver
formīdō formīdinis f.: dread, fear
trānsversus –a –um: on the side, sideways
obvius obvia obvium: in the way, encountering
incursō incursāre: to run at or into, strike against

Agricola 37

Britannī –ōrum m.: Britons

expers expertis: with no part in (+gen.)

summus –a –um: highest

collis collis m.: hill

īnsīdō –sīdere –sēdī –sessus: to take position on, occupy

paucitās –ātis f.: fewness, scarcity

spernō spernere sprēvī sprētum: to despise

dēgredior dēgredī dēgressus sum: to come down, descend

paulātim: gradually

circumeo circumīre circumī/circumīvī circuitus: to go around

nī: unless

Agricola –ae m.: Agricola

āla ālae f.: squadron of horse

subitus –a –um: sudden

oppōnō oppōnere opposuī oppositum: to present, offer

ferōx ferōcis: bold, emboldened, headstrong

accurrō –currere –cucurrī –cursus: to rush, charge

dīsiciō –icere –iēcī –iectus: to scatter

trānsvehō trānsvehere –vēxī –vectum: to transport, pass by

āvertō avertere avertī aversus: to turn away

invādō invādere invāsī invāsum: to attack

grandis grandis grande: great, large, fine

atrōx: terrible

spectāculum spectāculī n.: sight

vulnerō vulnerāre vulnerāvī vulnerātus: to wound

trucidō trucidāre trucidāvī trucidātus: to butcher, massacre

prout: according as, just as

caterva –ae f.: body of troops, horde

armō armāre armāvī armātus: arm

inermis inermis inerme: unarmed

ultrō: of one's own accord

ruō ruere ruī rūtum: to rush

passim: on all sides, in all directions

lacer –era –erum: mutilated

artus artūs m.: limb

cruentus –a –um: blood-stained

appropinquō appropinquāre appropinquāvī: to approach

incautus –a –um: incautious, careless

gnārus –a –um: having knowledge

circumveniō circumvenīre circumvērī circumventus: to surround

nī: unless

ubīque: everywhere

expediō expediere expediī/expedīvī expeditus: to set free, unencumber

indāgō –inis f.: driving game (in hunting)

sīcubi: wherever

artus –a –um: confined, narrow

persultō –āre –āvī –ātum: range about a place

fidūcia fidūciae f.: confidence

firmus –a –um: strong, unyielding

respectō respectāre respectāvī respectātus: to look to

vītābundus –a –um: staying out of the way

vicis vicis f.: change, succession; (invicem) mutually

longinquus –a –um: distant

āvius –a –um: unfrequented, inaccessible

satietās –ātis f.: repletion
mīlia mīlium n.: thousands
trecentī –ae –a: 300
sexāgintā: 60
Aulus –ī m.: Aulus
Atticus –ī m.: Atticus
praefectus praefectī m.: commander (of fleet, cavalry, cohort of auxiliaries)
iuvenīlis –e: youthful
ārdor ārdōris m.: ardor, fire, zeal
ferōcia –ae f.: boldness, high spirit

Agricola 38

Britannī –ōrum m.: Britons
pālōr –ātus sum: to wander, roam
plōrātus –ūs m.: mourning
vulnerō vulnerāre vulnerāvī vulnerātus: to wound
ultrō: of one's own accord
incendō incendere incendi incensus: to set fire to
latebra –ae f.: hiding-place
vicis vicis f.: change, succession; (invicem) by turns
sēparō sēparāre sēparāvī sēparātum: to separate
aspectus aspectūs m.: sight, appearance
pīgnus –oris n.: (in pl.) dear ones
concitō concitāre concitāvī concitātus: to rouse to fury
saeviō saevīre saeviī saevitum: (with in) treat with cruelty, be brutal to
līberī līberōrum m. pl.: children
misereor –ērī miseritus sum: to pity
proximus –a –um: next
vāstus –a –um: dreary, desolate, wide
ubīque: everywhere
silentium silenti(ī) n.: silence
sēcrētus –a –um: hidden, deserted
collis collis m.: hill
fūmō fūmāre fūmāvī fūmātus: to smoke
explōrātor –ōris m.: scout
obvius obvia obvium: in the way
incertus –a –um: uncertain, indistinct
usquam: anywhere
conglobō –āre –āvī –ātum: to mass together
comperiō comperīre comperī compertus: to find, ascertain
aestās aestātis f.: summer
nequeō nequīre nequī/nequīvī nequitum: to be unable
Borestī, –ōrum m.: Boresti (people of Scotland)
obses obsidis m. or f.: hostage
praefectus praefectī m.: commander (of fleet, cavalry, cohort of auxiliaries)
circumvehor –circumvehī –circumvectus sum: to sail around
Britannia –ae f.: Britain
praecēdō –cēdere –cessī –cessus: to go before
terror terrōris m.: fear
pedes peditis m.: foot soldier, infantry
lentus –a –um: slow
trānsitus trānsitūs m.: passing
hīberna –ōrum n.: winter-quarters
locō locāre locāvī locātus: to place
Trucculensis –e: Trucculensian
portus portūs m.: harbor

praelegō –legere –lēgī –lēctum: to sail by

Agricola 39

iactāntia –ae f.: boasting

Agricola –ae m.: Agricola

Domitiānus –ī m.: Domitian, emperor 81-96

ānxius –a –um: worried, earnest

īnsum inesse īnfūī: to be in

cōnscientia cōnscientiae f.: consciousness, knowledge

dērisus –ūs m.: mockery

nūper: lately

Germānia –ae f.: Germany, the Roman province; Germany proper

triumphus triumphī m.: triumph

emō emere ēmī ēmptus: to buy

commercium –īī n.: trade, interchange, commercial dealings

habitus habitūs m.: clothing, dress, physical appearance

crīnis crīnis m.: hair

captīvus captīvī m.: prisoner

fōrmō fōrmāre fōrmāvī fōrmātus: to shape, form

mīlia mīlium n.: thousands

māximus –a –um: greatest; maxime: most, especially

formīdolōsus –a –um: inspiring fear

prīnceps –ipis m.: emperor

attollō attollere: to lift, raise

cīvīlis cīvīlis cīvīle: civil

silentium silenti(ī) n.: silence

mīlitāris –ris –re: military

utcumque: by some means or other

dissimulō dissimulāre dissimulāvī dissimulātus: to hide, obscure

imperātōrius –a –um: imperial

cōgitātiō cōgitātiōnis f.: meditation, thought

indīcium indīci(ī) n.: sign, indication, report

sēcrētus –a –um: remote, hidden

satiō satiāre satiāvī satiātum: to glut

optimus –a –um: best

praesentia praesentiae f.: (with in) for the present, at present

repōnō repōnere reposuī repositus: to lay aside

favor favōris m.: popularity, devotion

languēscō –ere –languī: to grow faint

Britannia –ae f.: Britain

obtinēō obtinēre obtinuī obtentus: to hold, maintain, secure

Agricola 40

triumphālis –e: triumphal

ōrnāmentum –ī n.: adornment, ornament

illūstris illūstre: honorific

statua statuae f.: statue

triumphus triumphī m.: triumph

cumulō cumulāre cumulāvī cumulātus: increase

īnsuper: further, moreover

opīniō opīniōnis f.: expectation

Syria –ae f.: Syria (Roman province)

Agricola –ae m.: Agricola

dēstinō dēstināre dēstināvī dēstinātus: to intend

Atīlius –īī m.: Atilius Rufus

Rūfus –ī m.: Rufus

cōsulāris cōsulāris cōsulāre: of consular rank; (as noun) ex-consul
maior māius: greater
reservō reservāre reservāvī reservātus: to reserve, keep
libertus libertī m.: freedman
sēcrētus –a –um: hidden
ministerium –ī n.: service, body of servants
cōdicillus cōdicillī m.: document
Syria –ae f.: Syria (Roman province)
Britannia –ae f.: Britain
fretum fretī n.: straits
ōceanus –ī m.: Ocean (esp. the German Ocean)
obvius obvīa obvium: encountering
Domitiānus –ī m.: Domitian, emperor 81-96
remeō remeāre remeāvī remeātus: to go back
prīnceps –ipis m.: emperor
successor successōris m.: successor
tūtus –a –um: safe
notābilis –e: conspicuous
celebritās –ātis f.: a gathering
frequentia frequentiae f.: concourse
introitus –ūs m.: entrance
amīcus amīcī m.: friend
Palātium– ī n.: palace
ōsculum –ī n.: kiss
immisceō –miscuī –mixtus: to join, intermingle
mīlitāris –ris –re: military
ōtiōsus –a –um: peaceful, at leisure
temperō temperāre temperāvī temperātus: to temper, blend
tranquillitās –tātis f.: peace
penitus: far within, deeply
hauriō haurīre hausī hastus: to drain, drink deep of
cultus cultūs m.: training, civilization, education, habit
modicus modica modicum: moderate
comitō –āre –āvī –ātus: accompany, escort
ambitiō ambitiōnis f.: self-seeking, ambition, ostentation
aestimō aestimāre aestimāvī aestimātus: value, test, judge
aspiciō –icere –exī –ectus: observe, catch sight of
interpretor –pretārī: to explain, account for

Agricola 41

crēbrō: often
Domitiānus –ī m.: Domitian, emperor 81-96
accūsō accūsāre accūsāvī accūsātus: to accuse
absolvō –ere –solvī –solūtum: to acquit
querēla querēlae f.: complaint
īnfēsus –a –um: hostile
prīnceps –ipis m.: emperor
īnsequor īnsequī īnsecūtus sum: to follow up
sileō silēre siluī: to leave unmentioned
Agricola –ae m.: Agricola
Moesia –ae f.: Moesia, a Roman province in the Balkans
Dācia –ae f.: Dacia
Germānia –ae f.: Germany, the Roman province; Germany proper
Pannonia –ae f.: Pannonia, one of the Balkan provinces of Rome
temeritās temeritās f.: rashness
ignāvia –ae f.: cowardice

militāris –ris –re: military
expūgnō expaugnāre expūgnāvī expūgnātus: to storm
līmes –itis m.: boundary, frontier
hīberna –ōrum n.: winter-quarters
possessiō possessiōnis f.: occupation, keeping hold of
continuō continuāre continuāvī contiunātus: to keep up without interruption
clādēs clādis f.: defeat, disaster
īnsigniō –īre –īvī or īī –ītus: to mark
vigor vigōris m.: energy, vigor
cōstantia cōstantiae f.: firmness, steadiness, determination
inertia inertiae f.: inactivity, idleness
formīdō formīdinis f.: dread, fear
verberō verberāre verberāvī verberātus: to lash
lībertus lībertī m.: freedman
fidēs –eī f.: loyalty
malignitas –tātis f.: wickedness, malice
līvor –ōris m.: spite
prōnus –a –um: inclined
dēterior –ius: worse
exstimulō –stimulāre: to goad, urge
praeceps: headlong

Agricola 42

prōcōsulātus –ūs: proconsulship
Āfrica –ae f.: Roman province of Africa
Asia –ae f.: Roman province of Asia
sortior –īrī –ītus sum: to obtain by lots, draw lots
Cīvica –ae m.: Vettulenus Civica
nūper: lately
Agricola –ae m.: Agricola
Domitiānus –ī m.: Domitian, emperor 81-96
cōgitātiō cōgitātiōnis f.: meditation, thought
prīnceps –ipis m.: emperor
perītus –a –um: skilled, experienced, having knowledge
ultrō: of one's own accord
prīmō: in first place
occultus –a –um: concealed, secret, in concealment
quiēs quiētis f.: rest, quiet, retirement
approbō –āre –āvī –ātum: to make approved
excūsātiō excūsātiōnis f.: excuse
postrēmō: at last, finally
obscurus –a –um: veiled, hidden
suādeō suādēre suāsī suāsus: to urge, advise
pertraho pertrahere pertraxi pertractum: conduct
parātus –a –um: prepared
simulātiō simulātiōnis f.: pretense
arrogantia –ae f.: arrogance, haughtiness
excūsō excūsāre excūsāvī excūsātus: to excuse, make excuses
adnuō –ere –nuī (–ūtus; rare): to consent
ērubescō –rubescere –rubuī: to blush
salārium –ī n.: salary
prōcōsulāris –e: pertaining to a proconsul
offendō offendere offendī offēnsus: to give offence to, hurt
cōnscientia cōnscientiae f.: conscience
videor vidērī vīsus sum: to seem
emō emere emī emptus: to buy

praeceps: headlong
quō: (expresses degree of difference)
irrevocābilis –e: implacable
moderātiō –ōnis f.: self-restraint, moderation
prudētia prudētiaē f.: prudence, good sense
lēniō lēnīre lēnīvī lēnītus: to soften
contumācia –ae f.: obstinacy
inānis inānis ināne: idle, vain, pointless
iactātiō iactātiōnis f.: boasting, self-display
prōvocō prōvocāre –āvī –ātus: to challenge, call forth
illicitus –a –um: unlawful, illicit
obsequium –ī n.: obedience
modestia –ae f.: moderation, discretion
industria industriaē f.: energy
vigor vigōris m.: energy, vigor
excēdō excēdere excessī excessus: to proceed, advance
abruptus –a –um: precipitous, steep
ambitiōsus –a –um: ostentatious, pretentious
inclāresco inclārescere inclāruī: to become famous

Agricola 43

lūctuōsus –a –um: mournful
amicus amicī m.: friend
extrāneus –a –um: one outside the family, stranger
īgnōtus –a –um: unknown
ventitō ventitāre ventitāvī ventitātus: to come often
circulus –ī m.: club, coterie
Agricola –ae m.: Agricola
laetor laetārī laetātus sum: to be glad
oblīvīscor oblīvīscī oblītus sum: to forget
miserātiō –ōnis f.: compassion
rūmor rūmōris m.: story, report
venēnum venēnī n.: poison
intercipiō –ere –cēpī –ceptus: to take off, remove
comperiō comperire comperī compertus: to find, ascertain
affirmō affirmāre affirmāvī affirmātus: to assert, declare, state
valētūdō valētūdinis f.: sickness
crebēr crēbra crēbrum: frequent
prīncipātus –ūs m.: princely power
nūntius –a –um: announcing, that which makes known; (as noun) messenger
vīsō vīsere vīsī vīsus: to pay visit to
libertus libertī m.: freedman
medicus medicī m.: doctor, physician
intimus –a –um: inmost, intimate
inquīsitiō inquīsitiōnis f.: espionage
suprēmus –a –um: last
mōmentum –ī n.: fluctuation, crisis
dispōnō dispōnere dispōsuī dispōsitus: to arrange
cursor cursōris m.: courier
nūntiō nuntiāre nuntiāvī nuntiātus: to announce
accelerō accelerāre accelerāvī accelerātus: to hasten
prae: in front of; prae se, outwardly
dissimulō dissimulāre dissimulāvī dissimulātus: to hide, obscure
testāmentum testāmentī n.: will
cohērēs –hērēdis m./f.: coheir
Domitiānus –ī m.: Domitian, emperor 81-96

laetor laetārī laetātus sum: to be glad
assiduus –a –um: constant
adūlātiō –ōnis f.: flattery
hērēs hērēdis m. or f.: heir
nī: unless
prīnceps –ipis m.: emperor

Agricola 44

Agricola –ae m.: Agricola
Gāius –īī m.: Gaius Caesar, emperor 37-41
Caesar Caesaris m.: Caesar
īdūs īduum (pl. f.): the ides (13th or 15th of month)
lūnius –a –um: June
excēdō excēdere excessī excessus: to deaprt
quīnquāgēsīmus –a –um: 50th
Kalendae –ārum f.: the calends, the 1st of the month
September –bris –bre: September
Collēga –ae m.: Pompeius Collega
Priscīnus –ī m.: Peduceus Priscinus
habitus habitūs m.: physical appearance
sublīmis sublīme: elevated, exalted, lofty, distinguished
libēns –entis: willing
peragō peragere perēgī perāctum: to finish
situs –a –um: situated
cōnsulāris cōnsulāris cōnsulāre: of consular rank; (as noun) ex-consul
triumphālis –e: triumphal
ōrnāmentum –ī n.: adornment, ornament
praeditus –a –um: endowed
astruo astruere astruxī astructum: to add
speciōsus –a –um: showy, pretentious
superstes –itis: remaining alive after another's death, surviving; (as a noun) a survivor
videor vidērī vīsus sum: to seem
incolumis incolumis incolume: safe, unharmed, intact
flōrēō flōrēre flōruī: to flourish, be at prime, be eminent
salvus –a –um: safe
adfinitas –atis f.: (pl.) relations, kindred
effugiō effugere effūgī: to escape
dūrō dūrāre dūrāvī dūrātus: to remain, last, persist
prīnceps –ipis m.: emperor
Traianus –ī m.: Trajan, emperor 98-117
augurium augurī(ī) n.: forecast, prognostication
ōminōr –ārī –ātus sum: to predict
festīnō festīnāre festīnāvī festīnātus: to hasten
grandis grandis grande: great, large, fine
sōlācium sōlāci(ī) n.: consolation, solace
ēvādō ēvādere ēvāsī ēvāsus: to escape
Domitiānus –ī m.: Domitian, emperor 81-96
intervāllum –ī n.: interval
spīrāmentum –ī n.: breathing-space, interval
continuō: uninterupted, unbroken
exhauriō exhaurīre exhausī exhaustum: to drain

Agricola 45

Agricola –ae m.: Agricola
obsideō obsidēre obsēdī obsessus: to block
cūria cūriae f.: senate-house

strāgēs –is f.: slaughter
cōsulāris cōsulāris cōsulāre: of consular rank; (as noun) ex-consul
Cārus –ī m.: Mettius Carus
Mettius –ī m.: Mettius Carus
Albānus –a –um: Alban
Messālīnus –ī m.: Valerius Catullus Messalinus
strepō –ere –uī –itus: to bawl
Massa –ae m.: Baebius Massa
Baebius –īī m.: Baebius
Helvidius –ī m.: Helvidius Priscus
carcer carceris m.: prison
Mauricus –ī m.: Junius Mauricus
Rūsticus –ī m.: Rusticus
vīsus vīsūs m.: sight, look
notō notāre notāvī notātus: to mark, sign
innocēns: upright, innocent
Senecio –ōnis m.: Senecio
perfundō –ere –fūdī –fūsus: to sprinkle
Nerō –ōnis m.: Nero
subtrahō –ere –trāxī –trāctus: to withdraw
praecipuus –a –um: special
Domitiānus –ī m.: Domitian, emperor 81-96
miseria miseriae f.: wretchedness, misery
suspīrium –ī n.: sigh
subscrībō –scrībere –scrīpsī –scrīptum: to register and add to the charge
dēnotō –āre –āvī –ātum: to mark down
pallor –ōris m.: paleness, pallor
sufficiō sufficere suffēcī suffectum: to suffice
rubor rubōris m.: redness, flush
mūniō mūnīre mūnīvī mūnītus: to fortify
tantum: only
clāritas –tātis f.: distinction
opportūnitās –ātis f.: right moment, suitability
perhibeō –ēre –uī –itus: to relate, state
libēns –entis: willing
virīlis virīlis virīle: of a man
portio portiōnis f.: capability
innocentia –ae f.: uprightness, integrity, innocence
prīnceps –īpis m.: emperor
acerbitās –ātis f.: anguish
maestitia –ae f.: sadness
quod: in that, the fact that, because
assideō assidēre assēdī assessus: to sit by
valētūdō valētūdinis f.: sickness
foveō fovēre fōvī fōtus: to nurse, tend
satiō satiāre satiāvī satiātum: to glut
complexus –ūs m.: embrace, close-quarters
mandātum –ī n.: command
penitus: far within, deeply
figō figere fīxī fīxus: to fix
absentia –ae f.: absence
quadriennium –ī n.: period of four years
optimus –a –um: best
complōrō –āre –āvī –ātum: to lament, mourn

quis quid after si, nisi, ne, or num: anyone, anything, any
mānēs –ium m. pl: spirits
ex(s)tinguō exstinguere exstinxī exstinctus: to extinguish
placidus –a –um: calm
īnfirmus –a –um: weak
dēsīderium dēsīderi(ī) n.: longing
muliebris muliebris muliebre: feminine, womanish
lāmenta –ōrum n.: mourning
contemplātiō –ōnis f.: contemplation
lūgeō lūgēre lūxī lūctum: to mourn
plangō –ere –plānxī –planctus: to mourn
fās n.: right
admīrātiō –ōnis f.: admiration
suppeditō suppeditāre: to help
similitūdō similitūdinis f.: imitation
coniungō coniungere coniūnxī coniūctus: to unite
veneror venerārī venerātus sum: to revere
revolvō –ere –volvī –volūtus: to ponder
figūra figūrae f.: shape
complexor complectī complexus sum: to embrace, include, hold fast
intercēdō intercēdere intercessī intercessus: to forbid, veto (+dat.)
marmor –oris n.: marble
simulācrum simulācrī n.: image
imbēcillus –e: weak, perishable
mortālis –e: mortal
exprimō exprimere expressī expressum: to give shape to, to express in form
Agricola –ae m.: Agricola
aeternitās –tātis f.: eternity
inglōrius –a –um: without honor, without fame
ignōbilis –e: obscure
oblīviō –ōnis f.: forgetfulness
obruō obruere obruī obrutum: to overwhelm, crush
posteritās posteritātis f.: posterity
superstes superstis: remaining alive after another's death, surviving; (as a noun) a survivor