***Agricola* 1**

**antīquitus**: in ancient times

**ūsitātus –a –um**: usual, customary; (as a noun) custom

**nē…quidem**: = nequidem, not ... even

**incūriōsus –a –um**: heedless, indifferent (w. gen.)

**omittō omittere omīsī omissus**: to neglect, pass over

**supergredior -gredī -gressus sum**: to overcome

**ignōrantia -ae f.**: ignorance, want of appreciation

**memorātus memorātūs m.**: mention, mentioning

**prōnus –a –um**: easy

**apertus aperta apertum**: open, accessible; (as a noun) the open

**celeber celebris celebre**: celebrated, famous

**ambitiō ambitiōnis f.**: self-seeking, ambition, ostentation

**tantum**: only

**cōnscientia cōnscientiae f.**: consciousness, knowledge, conscience

**fīdūcia fīdūciae f.**: confidence

**arrogantia –ae f.**: arrogance, haughtiness

**Rutilius –ī m.**: Publius Rutilius Rufus, cos. 105 BCE

**Scaurus –ī m.**: M. Aemilius Scaurus, cos. 115, 107 BCE

**citrā**: short of, without

**obtrectātiō obtrectātiōnis f.**: censure, detraction

**optimus –a –um**: best

**aestimō aestimāre aestimāvī aestimātus**: value, test, judge.

**dēfungor dēfungī dēfūnctus sum**: to die

**venia veniae f.**: pardon

**incūsō incūsāre incūsāvī incūsātus**: to censure

**īnfestus –a –um**: hostile

***Agricola* 2**

**Arulēnus –ī m.**: L. Junius Rusticus Arulenus

**Rūsticus –ī m.**: Rusticus

**Paetus –ī m.**: Thrasea Paetus

**Thrasea –ae m.**: Thrasea

**Herennius –iī m.**: Herennius Senecio

**Senecio –ōnis m.**: Senecio

**Priscus –ī m.**: Helvidius Priscus

**Helvidius –ī m.**: Helvidius

**capitālis capitale**: punishable by death

**saeviō saevīre saeviī saevitum**: (with in) treat with cruelty, be brutal to

**dēlēgō –lēgāre**: to assign

**triumvir -ī m.**: commission (of three) responsible for executions, tresviri capitales

**ministerium –ī n.**: service, task

**monumentum monumentī n.**: memorial

**Comitium Comitī(ī) n.**: Comitium

**ūrō ūrere ussī ustum**: to burn

**Rōmānus –a –um**: Roman

**cōnscientia cōnscientiae f.**: consciousness, knowledge, conscience

**aboleō abolēre abolēvī abolitus**: destroy

**expellō expellere expulī expulsus**: to expel, banish

**īnsuper**: further, moreover

**professōr professōris m.**: teacher, professor

**quis quid after si, nisi, ne, or num**: anyone, anything

**usquam**: anywhere

**profectō**: assuredly

**grandis grandis grande**: great, large, fine

**patientia patientiae f.**: submission, patience, long-suffering

**documentum –ī n.**: example, instance, lesson

**servitūs servitūtis f.**: slavery

**adimō adimere adēmī adēmptus**: to take away

**inquīsītiō inquīsītiōnis f.**: espionage

**commercium –iī n.**: trade, interchange, commercial dealings

**oblīvīscor oblīvīscī oblītus sum**: to forget

***Agricola* 3**

**dēmum**: at last, at length

**ortus ortūs m.**: dawn

**Nerva –ae m.**: Nerva, emperor 96-98

**Caesar Caesaris m.**: Caesar

**dissociābilis -e**: irreconcilable

**prīncipātus –ūs m.**: princely power, autocracy

**cotīdiē/cottīdiē**: daily

**fēlīcitās –ātis f.**: happiness

**Traiānus –ī m.**: Trajan, emperor 98-117

**sēcūritās –ātis f.**: sense of ease, freedom from care, security

**fīdūcia fīdūciae f.**: confidence

**rōbur rōboris n.**: strength

**assūmō (or adsūmō) –sūmere –sūmpsī –sūmptum**: to take besides, take, gather

**īnfirmitās –ātis f.**: weakness

**remedium remediī n.**: cure, remedy

**lentus –a –um**: slow

**augēscō augēscere -- --**: to begin to grow, to increase

**cito**: quickly

**exstinguō exstinguere exstinxī exstinctus**: to extinguish

**opprimō opprimere oppressī oppressus**: to crush, stamp out

**inertia inertiae f.**: inactivity, idleness

**dulcēdō –inis f.**: charm, delight

**invideō invidēre invīdī invīsus**: to envy, begrudge, feel hostility toward

**prīmō**: in first place

**dēsidia –ae f.**: idleness, inactivity

**postrēmō**: at last, finally

**quīndecim:** 15

**grandis grandis grande**: great, large, fine

**mortālis –e**: mortal

**fortuītus –a –um**: accidental, due to chance

**prōmptus –a –um**: energetic, vigorous, alert

**saevitia saevitiae f.**: savagery

**intercidō –cidere –cidī**: to fall, perish

**superstes –itis**: surviving; (as a noun) survivor

**eximō eximere exēmī exēmptus**: to take away

**iuvenis iuvene**: youthful

**senectūs senectūtis f.**: old age

**terminus –ī m.**: bounds, limit

**silentium silenti(ī) n.**: silence

**piget pigēre piguit pigitum est**: it irks, causes annoyance (+acc. and gen.)

**inconditus –a –um**: untrained, uncouth

**rudis –e**: untrained, uncultivated

**servitūs servitūtis f.**: slavery

**testimōnium testimōni(ī) n.**: witness, attestation

**Agricola –ae m.**: Agricola

**socer socerī m.**: father-in-law

**dēstinō dēstināre dēstināvī dēstinātus**: to intend

**professiō professiōnis f.**: declaration

**excūsō excūsāre excūsāvī excūsātus**: to excuse, make excuses

***Agricola* 4**

**Gnaeus –ī m.**: Gnaeus

**Iūlius –iī m.**: Julius

**Agricola –ae m.**: Agricola

**illūstris illūstre**: bright, famous

**Foroiuliensis –ense**: Foroiuliensian, from Fréjus

**colōnia colōniae f.**: colony

**avus avī m.**: grandfather

**prōcūrātor –ōris m.**: procurator, governor, financial officer

**Caesar Caesaris m.**: Caesar

**equester –tris –tre**: of cavalry, of the equestrian order

**nōbilitās nōbilitātis f.**: nobility

**Graecīnus –ī m.**: Julius Graecinus

**senātōrius –a –um**: senatorial

**ēloquentia –ae f.**: eloquence, oratory, correct speech

**Gāius –iī m.**: Gaius Caesar, emperor 37-41

**mereor merērī meritus sum**: to earn

**namque**: for in fact

**Marcus Marcī m.**: Marcus

**Sīlānus –ī m.**: Silanus

**accūsō accūsāre accūsāvī accūsātus**: to accuse

**abnuō abnuere abnuī abnuitūrus**: refuse

**Procilla –ae f.**: Julia Procilla

**castitās castitātis f.**: chastity, purity, integrity

**indulgentia –ae f.**: loving care

**ēducō –ēducāre –ēduāvī –ēducātum**: to bring up, train

**pueritia pueritiae f.**: boyhood

**adulēscentia –ae f.**: youth

**trānsigō trānsigere trānsēgī trānsāctum**: to pass

**arceō arcēre arcuī**: to keep away

**illecebra illecebrae f.**: allurement

**quod**: in that, the fact that, because

**parvulus –a –um**: very small, still a child

**magistra –ae f.**: mistress, teacher

**Massilia –ae f.**: Massilia, Marseille

**Graecus –a –um**: Greek

**cōmitās –ātis f.**: affability, camaraderie, congeniality

**prōvinciālis –e**: provincial

**parsimōnia –ae f.**: thrift

**iuventa iuventae f.**: the prime of life

**philosophia philosophiae f.**: philosophy

**Rōmānus –a –um**: Roman

**senātor senātōris m.**: senator

**hauriō haurīre hausī hastus**: to drain, drink deep of

**nī**: unless

**prudentia prudentiae f.**: prudence, good sense

**incendō incendere incendī incensus**: to set fire to, excite

**flagrō flagrāre flagrāvī flagrāturus**: to burn, be enthusiastic

**coerceō coercēre coercuī coercitus**: to constrain, restrain, restrict

**sublīmis sublīme**: elevated, exalted, lofty, distinguished

**ērigō ērigere ērēxī ērēctus**: to raise, rouse, set up

**pulchritūdō –inis f.**: beauty

**excelsus –a –um**: lofty, exalted

**vehemēns**: impetuous, ardent

**cautus –a –um**: cautious, discreet

**appetō appetere appetīvī appetītus**: to aim at, seek, covet

**mītigō mītigāre mītigāvī mītigātus**: to tone down, lessen

***Agricola* 5**

**rudīmentum –ī n.**: training

**Britannia –ae f.**: Britain

**Suētōnius –ī m.**: Suetonius Paulinus

**Paulīnus –ī m.**: Paulinus

**dīligēns**: careful, painstaking

**moderātus –a –um**: restrained, cautious

**approbō –āre –āvī –ātum**: to make approved

**contubernium –ī n.**: companionship, staff-service

**aestimō aestimāre aestimāvī aestimātus**: to value, test, judge

**Agricola –ae m.**: Agricola

**licenter**: without restraint, without control

**iuvenis iuvene**: youthful; (as a noun) young man

**mīlitia –ae f.**: military service

**lascīvia –ae f.**: riotous living

**sēgnis sēgne**: slothful

**commeātus commeatūs m.**: leave of absence

**titulus – ī m.**: nominal rank

**tribūnātus –ūs m.**: office of tribune

**īnscītia –ae f.**: ignorance, inexperience

**perītus –a –um**: skilled, experienced, having knowledge; (as a noun) an expert

**appetō appetere appetīvī appetītus**: to aim at, seek, covet

**iactātiō iactātiōnis f.**: boasting, self-display

**formīdō formīdinis f.**: dread, fear

**recūsō recūsāre recūsāvī recūsātus**: to refuse

**ānxius –a –um**: worried, earnest

**sānē**: truly, indeed

**aliās**: at other times

**exercitātus –a –um**: agitated

**ambiguus –a –um**: wavering

**trucīdō trucīdāre trucīdāvī trucīdātus**: to butcher, massacre

**veterānus –a –um**: veteran

**incendō incendere incendī incensus**: to set fire to

**colōnia colōniae f.**: colony

**intercipiō –ere –cēpī –ceptus**: to cut off or isolate (and then destroy)

**etsī**: although

**ductus –ūs m.**: leadership

**summus –a –um**: highest; (summa with rerum) supreme control

**reciperō –āre (also recupero –āre)**: to recover

**stimulus –ī m.**: goad, incentive

**mīlitāris –ris –re**: military

**sinister –a –um**: evil, malicious

**ergā**: towards (+ acc.)

**ēmineō –ēre –uī**: to stand out, blaze out

**interpretātiō –ōnis f.**: interpretation

***Agricola* 6**

**hinc**: hence, next

**capessō capessere capessiī/capessīvī capessitūrus**: to undertake

**magistrātus magistrātūs m.**: magistracy, civil duties

**dēgredior dēgredī dēgressus sum**: to come down, descend

**Domitia –ae f.**: Domitia Decidiana

**Decidiāna –ae f.**: Decidiana

**splendidus –a –um**: brilliant, illustrious

**nātālis –e**: lineage, family

**mātrimōnium –ī(ī) n.**: marriage

**nītor nītī nīxus sum**: to strive

**rōbur rōboris n.**: strength

**mīrus –a –um**: wonderful

**concordia concordiae f.**: unity, harmony

**mūtuus –a –um**: mutual

**cāritās cāritātis f.**: affection

**vicis vicis f.**: change, succession; (in expression in vicem) by turns

**antepōnō antepōnere anteposuī antepositum**: to place before, prefer

**quod**: in that, the fact that, because

**quaestūra –ae f.**: quaestorship

**Asia –ae**: Roman province of Asia

**prōcōnsul prōcōnsulis m.**: proconsul

**Salvius –ī m.**: Salvius Titianus

**Titiānus –ī m.**: Salvius Titianus

**neuter neutra neutrum**: neither

**aviditās aviditātis f.**: greed

**prōnus –a –um**: inclined

**quantuslibet quantalibet quantumlibet**: as great as you please

**facilitās –ātis f.**: courtesy, good nature, affability

**redimō –imere –ēmī –emptum**: to purchase

**dissimulātiō dissimulātiōnis f.**: concealment, supression

**subsidium subsidi(ī) n.**: support, help

**sōlācium sōlāci(ī) n.**: consolation, solace

**brevī**: in a short time, shortly

**tribūnātus –ūs m.**: office of tribune

**quiēs quiētis f.**: rest, quiet

**gnārus –a –um**: having knowledge, aware

**Nerō –ōnis m.**: Nero

**inertia inertiae f.**: inactivity, idleness

**praetūra praetūrae f.**: praetorship

**tenor –ōris m.**: course

**silentium silenti(ī) n.**: silence

**iūrisdictiō iūrisdictiōnis f.**: court business, administration of justice

**obveniō –venīre –vēnī –ventum**: to fall to

**lūdus lūdī m.**: game; (pl.) festival such as the Ludi Romani

**inānis inānis ināne**: idle, vain

**abundantia –ae f.**: abundance, lavishness

**luxuria luxuriae f.**: extravagance

**propior propius**: nearer

**Galba –ae f.**: Galba

**recognōscō recognōscere recognōvī recognitus**: to revise, review

**dīligēns**: careful, painstaking

**conquīsītiō conquīsītiōnis f.**: investigation

**sacrilegium –ī n.**: sacrilege

***Agricola* 7**

**afflīgō affligere afflīxī afflīctus**: to strike, afflict

**Othōniānus –a –um**: Othonian, belonging to Otho

**licenter**: without restraint, without control

**Intimilium –ī n. (also Intimilii, m. pl.)**: Vintimiglia

**Liguria –ae f.**: Liguria (district of NW Italy, around Genoa)

**hostīlis hostīlis hostīle**: of an enemy, hostile

**populō populāre populāvī populātus (also deponent, populōr)**: to plunder

**Agricola –ae m.**: Agricola

**praedium praedi(ī) n.**: farm, estate

**patrimōnium patrimōni(ī) n.**: inherited estate

**dīripiō –ere –ripuī –reptus**: to plunder

**sollemnis –e**: customary rite

**proficīscor proficīscī profectus sum**: to set out, set forth

**adfectō adfectāre adfectāvī adfectātus**: to claim, assume

**Vespasiānus –ī m.**: Vespasian, emperor 69-79

**dēprehendō dēprehendere dēprehendī dēprehensus**: to overtake, catch

**trānsgredior –gredī –gressus sum**: to cross, come over

**prīncipātus –ūs m.**: princely power, the power or role of the princeps

**status statūs m.**: state, condition

**Mūciānus –ī m.**: Licinius Mucianus

**iuvenis iuvene**: youthful

**admodum**: quite (adds emphasis to an adjective)

**Domitiānus –ī m.**: Domitian, emperor 81-96

**paternus –a –um**: belonging to a father, paternal

**tantum**: only

**licentia licentiae f.**: excess of liberty, license

**ūsurpō ūsurpāre ūsurpāvī ūsurpātus**: to use, enjoy

**dilēctus –ūs m.**: levy

**strēnuus –a –um**: vigorous

**versor versārī versātus**: to employ onself

**vīcēsimus –a –um**: 20th

**sacrāmentum –ī n.**: oath of allegiance

**trānsgredior –gredī –gressus sum**: to cross, come over

**praepōnō praepōnere praeposuī praepositum**: to put at the head of (+acc. and dat.)

**dēcessor dēcessōris m.**: predecessor

**sēditiōsus –a –um**: mutinous

**cōnsulāris cōnsulāris cōnsulāre**: of consular rank

**formīdolōsus or formīdulōsus –a –um**: inspiring fear

**praetōrius –a –um**: praetorian, i.e., with the rank of those who had held the praetorship

**cohibeō –ēre –uī –itus**: restrain, hold in check

**incertus –a –um**: uncertain

**successor successōris m.**: successor

**ultor –ōris m.**: avenger

**moderātiō –ōnis f.**: self-restraint, moderation

**videor vidērī vīsus sum**: to seem

***Agricola* 8**

**praesum praeesse praefuī praefutūrus**: to be at the head (with dat.)

**Britannia –ae f.**: Britain

**Vettius –iī m.**: Vettius

**Bolānus –ī m.**: Bolanus

**placidus –a –um**: calm, mild. placid

**ferōx ferōcis**: bold, emboldened, headstrong

**temperō temperāre temperāvī temperātus**: to temper, blend, restrain

**Agricola –ae m.**: Agricola

**ārdor ārdōris m.**: ardour, fire, zeal

**compescō –pescere –pescuī —**: to confine, restrain, curtail

**incrēscō –ere –crēvī –crētus**: to grow

**perītus –a –um**: skilled, experienced, having knowledge

**obsequium –ī n.**: obedience

**ērudiō –rudīre –rudiī –rudītum**: to train, educate

**brevī**: in a short time, shortly

**cōnsulāris cōnsulāris cōnsulāre**: of consular rank; as subst. ex-consul

**Petīlius –ī m.**: Petilius Cerialis

**Cereālis –is**: Petilius Cerealis

**discrīmen discriminis n.**: danger

**commūnicō commūnicāre commūnicāvī commūnicātus**: to share

**experīmentum –ī n.**: trial, experience, test

**maior māius**: greater

**ēventus ēventūs m.**: issue, result

**praeficiō praeficere praefēcī praefectus**: to put in command of (+acc. and dat.)

**exsultō exsultare exsultāvī exsultātus**: to triumph, glory

**minister ministrī m.**: servant

**obsequor obsequī obsecūtus sum**: to obey

**verēcundia –ae f.**: modesty

**praedicō praedicāre praedicāvī praedicātus**: to report, proclaim

**extrā**: outside of, without

***Agricola* 9**

**lēgātiō lēgātiōnis f.**: office of legatus, command

**Vespasiānus –ī m.**: Vespasian, emperor 69-79

**patricius –a –um**: patrician; (as  noun) a patrician

**adscīscō –ere –scīvī –scītus**: to admit, enroll among

**Aquītānia –ae f.**: Aquitania

**praepōnō praepōnere praeposuī praepositum**: to put at the head of (+acc. and dat.)

**splendidus –a –um**: brilliant, illustrious

**imprīmīs**: especially

**administrātiō administrātiōnis f.**: official charge, office

**cōnsulātus cōnsulātūs m.**: consulship

**dēstinō dēstināre dēstināvī dēstinātus**: to intend

**mīlitāris –ris –re**: military, of soldiers

**subtīlitās subtīlitātis f.**: subtlety, acumen

**castrēnsis –e**: belonging to the camp

**iūrisdictiō iūrisdictiōnis f.**: court business, administration of justice

**obtundō obtundere obtudī obtū(n)sum**: to blunt, weaken

**calliditās –ātis f.**: shrewdness

**Agricola –ae m.**: Agricola

**nātūrālis –e**: natural

**prudentia prudentiae f.**: prudence, good sense

**togātus –a –um**: wearing the toga; (as a noun) a civilian

**remissiō remissiōnis f.**: relaxation

**conventus conventūs m.**: union, meeting, assizes

**sevērus –a –um**: strict, stern

**misericors misericordis**: merciful, compassionate

**persōna persōnae f.**: character

**trīstitia –ae f.**: sorrow

**arrogantia –ae f.**: arrogance, haughtiness

**avāritia avāritiae f.**: greed

**exuō exuere exuī exūtus**: to put off, cast off

**facilitās –ātis f.**: courtesy, good nature, affability

**sevēritās sevēritātis f.**: strictness, sternness

**dēminuō –minuere –minuī –minūtum**: to lessen

**integritās –ātis f.**: uprightness

**abstinentia abstinentiae f.**: self-restraint

**nē…quidem=**nequidem, not ... even

**indulgeō indulgēre indulsī indultus**: to indulge in, allow one's self

**ostentō ostentāre ostentāvī ostentātus**: to display, hold out

**aemulātiō aemulātiōnis f.**: rivalry, jealousy

**collēga collēgae m.**: colleague

**contentiō contentiōnis f.**: quarrels, rivalry

**prōcūrātor –ōris m.**: procurator, governor, financial officer

**inglōrius –a –um**: without honor, without fame

**atterō atterere atterīvī atterītus**: to trample upon

**sordidus –a –um**: degrading, ignominious

**minus**: less (than)

**triennium –ī n.**: three year period

**dētineō –ēre –uī –tentus**: to keep away, keep occupied

**comitor comitārī comitātus sum**: to accompany

**opīniō opīniōnis f.**: public opinion, expectation

**Britannia –ae f.**: Britain

**dēspondeō –spondēre –spondi –sponsum**: to betroth

**collocō collocāre collocāvī collocātus**: to settle/establish in marriage

**adiciō adicere adiēcī adiectus**: to add

**pontificātus, -ātūs m.**: the priesthood held by a pontifex

**sacerdōtium –ī n.**: priesthood

***Agricola* 10**

**Britannia –ae f.**: Britain

**scrīptor –ōris m.**: writer

**memorō memorāre memorāvī memorātus**: to relate, mention

**comparātiō comparātiōnis f.**: comparison

**perdomō perdomāre perdomuī perdomitum**: to subdue completely

**comperiō comperīre comperī compertus**: to find, ascertain

**ēloquentia –ae f.**: eloquence, oratory, correct speech

**percolo percolere percolui percultum**: to embellish

**Rōmānus –a –um**: Roman

**nōtitia ae f.**: knowledge

**complector complectī complexus sum**: to embrace, include, hold fast

**māximus –a –um**: greatest; maxime: most, especially

**oriēns –entis m.**: the east

**Germānia –ae f.**: Germany, the Roman province; Germany proper

**occidēns –entis**: the west

**Hispānia –ae f.**: Spain

**obtendō –ere –tendī –tentus**: to stretch opposite

**Gallus –a –um**: Gallic, pertaining to Gaul; (as a noun) a Gaul

**merīdiēs merīdiēī m.**: the south

**īnspiciō –ere –spexī –spectus**: to behold

**septentriōnālis –e**: northern

**vāstus –a –um**: dreary, desolate, wide

**apertus aperta apertum**: open

**pulsō pulsāre pulsāvī pulsātus**: to hit

**Līvius –ī m.**: Livy, the historian

**Fabius –iī m.**: Fabius Rusticus

**Rūsticus –a –um**: Rusticus (a cognomen)

**ēloquēns –entis**: eloquent

**oblongus –a –um**: oblong

**scūtum scūtī n.**: shield (oblong, made of wood and leather)

**bipennis –e**: two-headed axe

**adsimulō adsimulāre adsimulāvī adsimulātus**: to liken, compare

**citrā**: on this side of (+acc.)

**Calēdonia –ae f.**: Caledonia, Scotland

**ūniversus –a –um**: all together, the entire; (in universum) in general

**trānsgredior –gredī –gressus sum**: to cross over

**immēnsus –a –um**: boundless, immense

**ēnōrmis –e**: unusually great, enormous

**prōcurrō –currere –cucurrī –cursus**: to project

**cuneus –ī m.**: wedge

**tenuō tenuāre tenuāvī tenuātus**: to make thin, narrow

**ōra –ae f.**: shore

**Rōmānus –a –um**: Roman

**circumvehor circumvehī circumvectus sum**: to sail round

**affīrmō affirmāre affirmāvī affirmātus**: to assert, declare, state

**incognitus –a –um**: unknown

**Orcas Orcadis f.**: Orkneys

**domō domāre domuī domitus**: to subdue

**dispiciō –ere –spexī –spectus**: to descry

**Thūlē –es f.**: Thule

**hāctenus**: so far

**appetō appetere appetīvī appetītus**: to aim at, seek, covet; (intrans.) to approach

**piger pigra pigrum**: sluggish

**rēmigō rēmigāre –āvī –ātus**: to row

**perhibeō –ēre –uī –itus**: to relate, state

**perinde**: equally, as much

**attollō attollere**: to lift, raise, enlarge upon

**quod**: in that, the fact that, because

**profundus –a –um**: deep

**mōlēs mōlis f.**: mass, weight

**continuus –a –um**: uniterrupted, unbroken

**impellō impellere impulī impulsum**: to drive, charge, push forward

**ōceanus –ī m.**: Ocean (esp. the German Ocean)

**aestus aestūs m.**: tide

**nusquam**: nowhere

**dominor dominārī**: to act as lord, be master

**tenus**: as far as (with a preceding abl. or gen.)

**accresco (or adcresco) accrescere accrēvī accrētum**: rise with the tide

**resorbeō –ēre**: to suck back; (pass.) ebb

**īnfluō –fluere –flūxī –flūxum**: to flow, flock in

**penitus or penitē**: far within, deeply

**ambiō –īre –īvī or iī –ītus**: to go round, go in and out

**īnserō īnserere īnseruī īnsertus**: to push, thrust in

***Agricola* 11**

**Britannia –ae f.**: Britain

**mortālis –e**: mortal; (as a noun, pl.) humans, people

**indigena –ae**: a native

**advehō –vehere –vexī –vectus**: to convey to; (p.p.p. as noun) an immigrant

**comperiō comperīre comperī compertus**: to find, ascertain

**habitus habitūs m.**: character, physical appearance

**argūmentum –ī n.**: evidence, proof, testimony

**rutilus –a –um**: red, sandy-colored

**Calēdonia –ae f.**: Caledonia, Scotland

**habitō habitāre habitāvī habitātus**: to inhabit

**artus artūs m.**: limb

**Germānicus –a –um**: of Germany, Germanic

**orīgō –inis f.**: origin

**assevērō –sevērāre**: to affirm, assert

**Silures Silurum m.**: Silures

**colōrō colorāre colorāvī colorātus**: to color

**torqueō torquēre torsī tortum**: to twist, curl

**crīnis crīnis m.**: hair

**Hispānia –ae f.**: Spain

**Hibērī –ōrum m. pl.**: Iberians

**trāiciō –icere –iēcī –iectum**: to transport, cross over

**proximus –a –um**: next, nearest

**Gallus –a –um**: Gallic, pertaining to Gaul; (as a noun) a Gaul

**dūrō dūrāre dūrāvī dūrātus**: to remain, last, persist

**orīgō –inis f.**: origin

**prōcurrō –ere –cucurrī or currī –cursus**: to project

**positiō positiōnis f.**: situation; (with caeli) climate

**ūniversus –a –um**: all together, the entire; (in universum) in general

**aestimō aestimāre aestimāvī aestimātus**: value, test, judge

**crēdibilis –e**: credible

**dēprehendō dēprehendere dēprehendī dēprehensus**: to find, detect

**superstitiō –ōnis f.**: religious rite, national rite

**persuāsiō persuāsiōnis f.**: belief

**dēposcō dēposcere dēpoposcī —**: to demand

**audācia audāciae f.**: boldness

**dētrectō –trectāre**: to shirk, avoid

**formīdō formīdinis f.**: dread, fear

**ferōcia –ae f.**: boldness, high spirit

**Britannī –ōrum m.**: Britons

**praeferō praeferre praetulī praelātus**: to exhibit

**ēmolliō –īre –iī –ītus**: to enervate

**flōreō flōrēre flōruī**: to flourish, be at prime, be eminent

**sēgnitia –ae f.**: sloth, inactivity

**pariter**: equally

**ēveniō ēvenīre ēvēnī ēventus**: to happen, result

***Agricola* 12**

**pedes peditis m.**: infantry

**rōbur rōboris n.**: strength

**nātiō nātiōnis f.**: tribe

**proelior proeliārī proeliātus sum**: to engage in battle

**aurīga –ae m.**: charioteer

**cliēns clientis m.**: dependant, vassal

**prōpugnō –pugnāre**: to fight in front, or in defence of

**factiō –ōnis f.**: party, party spirit, partisanship

**distrahō –trahere –traxī –tractum**: to divide, distract

**prōpulsō prōpulsāre**: to ward off

**conventus conventūs m.**: union, meeting

**singulī –ae –a**: one at a time

**ūniversus –a –um**: (pl.) all together

**crebēr crēbra crēbrum**: frequent

**imber imbris m.**: rainshower

**nebula –ae f.**: mist, fog

**asperitās asperitātis f.**: harshness

**frīgus frigoris n.**: cold

**orbis orbis m.**: the world (with and without terrarum)

**mēnsūra –ae f.**: measure

**Britannia –ae f.**: Britain

**exiguus –a –um**: scanty, small

**discrīmen discriminis n.**: difference, interval

**internōscō –noscere –nōvi –nōtum**: to distinguish

**quodsī**: but if

**nūbēs nūbis f.**: cloud

**officiō officere offēci offectum**: to block the way, obstruct, hide

**fulgor –ōris m. or fulgur –ūris n.**: flash, brightness, light

**occidō occidere occidī occāsus**: to set

**ex(s)urgō –ere –surrēxī**: to rise up

**affīrmō affirmāre affirmāvī affirmātus**: to assert, declare, state

**plānus –a –um**: flat

**humilis humile**: low

**ērigō ērigere ērēxī ērēctus**: to raise, set up

**īnfrā**: below (+ acc.)

**sōlum –ī n.**: soil

**olea, –ae f.**: olive, olive tree

**vītis –is f.**: vine, grapevine

**calidus –a –um**: warm, hot

**suēscō –ere suēvī suētus**: to become accustomed

**frūx frūgis f.**: fruit

**seges –etis f.**: field of grain; standing corn

**fēcundus –a –um**: fruitful

**mītēscō –ere**: to ripen

**prōveniō –venīre –vēnī –ventūrum**: to come forth, start

**ūmor –oris m.**: moisture

**Britannia –ae f.**: Britain

**metallum –ī n.**: metal

**ōceanus –ī m.**: Ocean (esp. the German Ocean)

**margarītum –ī n.**: pearl

**subfuscus –a –um**: darkish

**līveō –ēre**: to be blackish, lead-colored

**ruber rubra rubrum**: red

**vīvus –a –um**: alive

**spīrō spīrāre spīrāvī spīrātus**: to breathe

**āvellō –ere –vellī or vulsī –vulsus**: to tear away

**prout**: according as, just as

**expellō expellere expulī expulsus**: to expel, throw up (on shore)

**avāritia avāritiae f.**: greed

***Agricola* 13**

**Britannī –ōrum m.**: Britons

**dilēctus –ūs m.**: levy

**tribūtum –ī n.**: tribute

**iniungō –iungere –iūnxī –iūnctum**: to charge, enjoin, order

**impiger –gra –grum**: ready

**obeō obīre obiī/obīvī obitum**: to meet, discharge (an obligation)

**tolerō tolerāre tolerāvī tolerātus**: to endure

**domō domāre domuī domitus**: to subdue

**Rōmānus –a –um**: Roman

**Iūlius –iī m.**: Julius Caesar

**Britannia –ae f.**: Britain

**prōsper – or more frequently – prōsperus –a –um**: fortunate, agreeable to one's wishes, favorable

**incola incolae m. or f.**: inhabitant

**potior potiri potitus sum**: to gain possession of (+ abl.)

**videor vidērī vīsus sum**: to seem

**cīvīlis cīvīlis cīvīle**: civil

**oblīviō –ōnis f.**: forgetfulness

**Augustus –ī m.**: Augustus, emperor 27 BCE-14 CE

**Tiberius –iī m.**: Tiberius, emperor 14-37 CE

**Gāius –iī m.**: Gaius, emperor 37-41 CE

**Caesar Caesaris m.**: Caesar

**nī**: unless

**vēlōx –ōcis**: swift, quick

**mōbilis –e**: fickle

**paenitentia –ae f.**: repentance, regret

**Germānia –ae f.**: Germany, the Roman province; Germany proper

**cōnātus cōnātūs m.**: attempt

**Claudius –a –um**: Claudius, emperor 41-54 CE

**iterō iterāre –āvī –ātum**: to repeat

**trānsvehō trānsvehere –vēxī –vectum**: to transport

**assūmō (or adsūmō) –sūmere –sūmpsī –sūmptum**: to take besides, take up, gather

**Vespasiānus –ī m.**: Vespasian, (later) emperor 69-79 CE

**mōnstrō mōnstrāre mōnstrāvī mōnstrātus**: to show, point out, display

***Agricola* 14**

**cōnsulāris cōnsulāris cōnsulāre**: of consular rank; (as noun) ex-consul

**Aulus –ī m.**: Aulus

**Plautius –iī m.**: Plautius

**praepōnō praepōnere praeposuī praepositum**: to put in charge

**subinde**: next, immediately

**Ostōrius –ī m.**: Ostorius Scapula

**Scapula, –ae m.**: Ostorius Scapula

**redigō redigere redēgī redāctum**: to reduce, form

**paulātim**: gradually

**proximus –a –um**: nearest

**Britannia –ae f.**: Britain

**īnsuper**: further, moreover

**veterānus –a –um**: veteran; (as noun) a retired soldier

**colōnia colōniae f.**: colony

**Togidumnus –ī m.**: Togidumnus

**fīdus –a –um**: trusted

**prīdem**: (with iam) long since

**Rōmānus –a –um**: Roman

**instrūmentum –ī n.**: tool, instrument

**servitūs servitūtis f.**: slavery

**Dīdius –ī m.**: Didius Gallus

**Gallus –a –um**: Gallus (a cognomen)

**admodum**: merely (stressing paucis)

**castellum castellī n.**: fort

**prōmoveō –ēre –mōvī –mōtus**: to push forward

**Verānius –iī m.**: Veranius

**ex(s)tinguō exstinguere exstinxī exstinctus**: to extinguish

**Suētōnius –ī m.**: Suetonius Paulinus

**hinc**: hence, next

**Paulīnus –ī m.**: Paulinus

**biennium –ī n.**: a period of two years

**prōsper – or more frequently – prōsperus –a –um**: prosperous, favorable

**subigō subigere subēgī subāctum**: to subdue

**nātiō nātiōnis f.**: tribe

**fīrmō fīrmāre fīrmāvī fīrmātus**: to make strong, strengthen

**fīdūcia fīdūciae f.**: confidence

**Mona –ae f.**: Anglesey

**rebellis –e**: rebellious; (as noun) a rebel, defector

**ministrō ministrāre ministrāvī ministrātus**: to supply

**aggredior aggredī aggressus sum**: to attack

**occāsiō occāsiōnis f.**: opportunity

**patefaciō patefacere patefēcī patefactum**: to open

***Agricola* 15**

**absentia –ae f.**: absence

**removeō removēre removī remōtus**: to remove, take away

**Britannī –ōrum m.**: Britons

**servitūs servitūtis f.**: slavery

**interpretor –pretārī or interpretō –pretāre**: to explain, account for

**accendō accendere accendī accēnsus**: to fire, kindle, intensify

**prōficiō prōficere prōfēcī prōfectum**: to make progress, succeed, accomplish

**patientia patientiae f.**: submission, patience, long-suffering

**nī**: unless, except

**tolerō tolerāre tolerāvī tolerātus**: to endure

**singulī –ae –a**: one at a time

**bīnī –ae –a**: two at a time, pair

**prōcūrātor –ōris m.**: procurator, financial officer

**saeviō saevīre saeviī saevitum**: (with in) treat with cruelty, be brutal to

**discordia discordiae f.**: quarrel, disagreement

**praepōnō praepōnere praeposuī praepositum**: to put in charge

**concordia concordiae f.**: unity, harmony

**subiciō subicere subiēcī subiectus**: to subject, subdue

**exitiōsus –a –um**: ruinous

**centuriō centuriōnis m.**: centurion

**contumēlia contumēliae f.**: insult

**cupiditās cupiditātis f.**: greed

**spoliō spoliāre spoliāvī spoliātus**: to take the spoils, strip (a dead enemy)

**īgnāvus –a –um**: cowardly

**imbellis –e**: unwarlike

**abstrahō –trahere –trāxī –tractum**: to drag away

**līberī līberōrum m. pl.**: children

**iniungō –iungere –iūnxī –iūnctum**: to charge, enjoin, order

**dilēctus –ūs m.**: levy

**tantum**: only

**numerō numerāre numerāvī numerātus**: to count

**Germānia –ae f.**: Germany, the Roman province; Germany proper

**excutiō excutere excussī excussum**: to shake off

**ōceanus –ī m.**: Ocean (esp. the German Ocean)

**avāritia avāritiae f.**: greed

**luxuria luxuriae f.**: extravagance

**Iūlius –iī m.**: Julius Caesar

**maiōres maiōrum m. pl**: ancestors

**aemulōr aemulārī aemulātus sum**: rival

**neu or neve**: nor

**ēventus ēventūs m.**: issue, result

**pavēscō pavēscere – –**: to fear, tremble

**cōnstantia cōnstantiae f.**: firmness, steadiness, determination

**penes**: with (+acc.)

**misereor miserērī miseritus**: to pity (+gen.)

**Rōmānus –a –um**: Roman

**absēns absentis**: absent

**relēgō relēgāre relēgāvī relēgātus**: to banish

**dētineō –ēre –uī –tentus**: to keep away, keep occupied

**dēlīberō dēlīberāre dēlīberāvī dēlīberātus**: to discuss, plan

**porrō**: moreover

**perīculōsus –a –um**: dangerous

**dēprehendō dēprehendere dēprehendī dēprehensus**: to overtake, catch, find, detect

***Agricola* 16**

**vicis vicis f.**: change, succession; (invicem) by turns

**īnstīnguō īnstīnguere īnstīnxī īnstīnctum**: to inspire

**Boudicca, –ae f.**: Boudicca

**sexus –ūs m.**: a sex, gender

**discernō –ere –crēvī –crētus**: to make distinctions between

**ūniversus –a –um**: all together

**castellum castellī n.**: fort

**cōnsector –sectārī**: to hunt down, fall upon

**expūgnō expugnāre expūgnāvī expūgnātus**: to storm

**colōnia colōniae f.**: colony

**invādō invādere invāsī invāsum**: to attack

**servitūs servitūtis f.**: slavery

**saevitia saevitiae f.**: savagery

**omittō omittere omīsī omissus**: to neglect, pass over

**quod**: in that, the fact that, because

**nī**: unless

**Paulīnus –ī m.**: Suetonius Paulinus

**mōtus mōtūs m.**: uprising

**properus –a –um**: hasty, quick, swift

**subveniō subvenīre subvēnī subventum**: to come to help

**Britannia –ae f.**: Britain

**patientia patientiae f.**: submission, patience, long-suffering

**restituō restituere restituī restitūtus**: to restore

**cōnscientia cōnscientiae f.**: consciousness, knowledge, conscience

**dēfectiō dēfectiōnis f.**: rebellion

**arrogans –antis**: overbearing, arrogant

**dēdō dēdere dēdidī dēditus**: to surrender

**ultor –ōris m.**: avenger

**Petronius -iī m.**: Petronius

**Turpiliānus –ī m.**: Turpilianus

**exōrābilis –e**: ready to listen to entreaties

**dēlictum –ī n.**: misdeed, crime

**paenitentia –ae f.**: repentance, regret

**mītis mīte**: mild, gentle

**Trebellius –ī m.**: Trebellius Maximus

**Māximus –ī m.**: Maximus (a cognomen)

**sēgnis sēgne**: slothful

**experīmentum –ī n.**: trial, experience

**cōmitās –ātis f.**: affability

**īgnōscō īgnōscere īgnōvī īgnōtus**: to pardon, condone (with dat.)

**blandior blandīrī blandītus sum**: entice, allure

**interventus –tūs m**: intervention, occurrence (between two periods)

**cīvīlis cīvīlis cīvīle**: civil

**sēgnitia –ae f.**: sloth, inactivity

**excūsātiō excūsātiōnis f.**: excuse

**discordia discordiae f.**: quarrel, disagreement, mutiny

**assuēscō assuescere assuēvī assuētum**: to become accustomed

**expedītiō –ōnis f.**: active service, expedition, campaign

**lascīviō –īre –īvī –ītum**: to run riot

**latebra –ae f.**: hiding-place, hole

**indecōrus –a –um**: disgraced

**humilis humile**: low, humble, humiliated

**precārius –a –um**: doubtful, uncertain, precarious, transient; (precario) on sufferance

**praesum praeesse praefuī praefutūrus**: to be in charge

**licentia licentiae f.**: excess of liberty, license

**sēditiō sēditiōnis f.**: mutiny, disturbance

**Vettius –iī m.**: Vettius

**Bolānus –ī m.**: Bolanus

**inertia inertiae f.**: inactivity, idleness

**ergā**: towards (+ acc.)

**petulantia –ae f.**: insolence, insubordination

**innocēns**: upright, innocent

**invīsus –a –um**: hated, the object of hostility

**cāritās cāritātis f.**: affection

***Agricola* 17**

**orbis orbis m.**: the world (with and without terrarum)

**Vespasiānus –ī m.**: Vespasian, emperor 69-79

**Britannia –ae f.**: Britain

**reciperō –āre (also recuperō –āre)**: to recover

**minuō minuere minuī minūtus**: to lessen

**terror terrōris m.**: fear

**Petīlius –ī m.**: Petilius Cerialis

**Cereālis –is**: Petilius Cerealis

**Brigantes –um m.**: Brigantes, a British tribe

**numerōsus –a –um**: populous

**perhibeō –ēre –uī –itus**: to relate, state

**aggredior aggredī aggressus sum**: to attack

**incruentus –a –um**: bloodless

**amplector amplectī amplexus sum**: to encompass, embrace

**successor successōris m.**: successor

**obruō obruere obruī obrutum**: to overwhelm, crush

**mōlēs mōlis f.**: mass, weight

**Iūlius –iī m.**: Julius

**Frontīnus –ī m.**: Julius Frontinus

**pugnāx –ācis**: warlike

**Silures Silurum m.**: Silures

**subigō subigere subēgī subāctum**: to subdue

**difficultās difficultātis f.**: difficulty

**ēluctōr ēluctārī ēluctātus sum**: to struggle against

***Agricola* 18**

**Britannia –ae f.**: Britain

**status statūs m.**: state, condition

**vicis vicis f.**: change, succession

**aestās aestātis f.**: summer

**trānsgredior –gredī –gressus sum**: to cross, come over

**Agricola –ae m.**: Agricola

**omittō omittere omīsī omissus**: to neglect, pass over

**expedītiō –ōnis f.**: active service, expedition, campaign

**sēcūritās –ātis f.**: sense of ease

**occāsiō occāsiōnis f.**: opportunity

**Ordovices –um m.**: Ordovices, a British tribe

**adventus adventūs m.**: arrival

**āla ālae f.**: squadron of horse

**ūniversus –a –um**: the entire

**obterō –terere –trīvi –trītum**: to crush, annihilate

**ērigō ērigere ērēxī ērēctus**: to raise, rouse

**opperior opperīrī oppertus/opperitus sum**: to wait to see

**trānsvehō trānsvehere –vēxī –vectum**: (of time, deponent) to pass by, elapse

**praesūmō –sūmere –sūmpsī –sūmptus**: to take for granted

**quiēs quiētis f.**: rest, quiet

**contrārius –a –um**: opposed, disadvantageous

**incohō –āre –āvī –ātum**: to begin

**custōdiō custōdīre custōdīvī custōdītus**: to guard

**suspiciō suspicere suspexī suspectus**: to suspect

**videor vidērī vīsus sum**: to seem

**obviam**: towards, to meet (+ dat.)

**discrīmen discriminis n.**: danger

**contrahō contrahere contrāxī contractus**: to draw together, muster

**vexillum –ī n.**: standard, flag, (of a unit of soldiers) detachment

**modicus modica modicum**: moderate

**dēgredior dēgredī dēgressus sum**: to come down, descend

**ērigō ērigere ērēxī ērēctus**: to set up, send up

**ūniversus –a –um**: the entire

**īgnārus –a –um**: ignorant

**īnstō īnstāre īnstitī īnstatūrus**: to press upon (dat.)

**prout**: according as, just as

**terror terrōris m.**: fear

**Mona –ae f.**: Anglesey

**possessiō possessiōnis f.**: occupation, seizure

**Paulīnus –ī m.**: Paulinus

**rebelliō –ōnis f.**: renewal of war, outbreak, revolt

**memorō memorāre memorāvī memorātus**: to relate, mention

**redigō redigere redēgī redāctum**: to render, bring (+ in)

**subitus –a –um**: sudden

**cōnstantia cōnstantiae f.**: firmness, steadiness, determination

**trānsvehō trānsvehere –vēxī –vectum**: to transport

**dēpōnō dēpōnere dēposuī dēpositus**: to lay aside

**sarcina –ae f.**: baggage

**auxiliāris –e**: auxiliary; (as a noun) auxiliary troops

**vadum –ī n.**: shallow, ford

**patrius –a –um**: national

**nō nāre nāvī**: to swim

**repente**: suddenly

**immittō immittere immīsī immīssus**: to fling upon, let loose

**obstupefaciō –facere –fēcī –factus**: to amaze

**arduus –a –um**: difficult

**invictus –a –um**: invincible

**dēdō dēdere dēdidī dēditus**: to surrender

**ostentātiō –ōnis f.**: display

**ambitus –ūs m.**: going round, canvassing

**trānsigō trānsigere trānsēgī trānsāctum**: to pass

**prōsperitās prōsperitātis f.**: success

**vānitās –ātis f.**: personal display

**expedītiō –ōnis f.**: active service, expedition, campaign

**laureātus –a –um**: wreathed with laurel leaves

**prōsequor prōsequī prōsecūtus sum**: to follow up, report

**dissimulātiō dissimulātiōnis f.**: concealment, supression

**aestimō aestimāre aestimāvī aestimātus**: value, test, judge

***Agricola* 19**

**prūdēns**: having knowledge of

**experīmentum –ī n.**: trial, experience

**prōficiō prōficere prōfēcī prōfectum**: to accomplish

**excīdō –cīdere –cīdī –cīsus**: to cut away, remove

**coerceō coercēre coercuī coercitus**: to constrain, restrain, restrict

**arduus –a –um**: difficult

**lībertus lībertī m.**: freedman

**commendātiō commendātiōnīs f.**: recommendation

**centuriō centuriōnis m.**: centurion

**adsciō –scīre**: to attach as staff members

**optimus –a –um**: best

**fīdus –a –um**: trusted

**exsequor exsequī exsecūtus sum**: to follow up, punish

**peccātum –ī n.**: misdeed, fault

**venia veniae f.**: pardon

**sevēritās sevēritātis f.**: strictness, sternness

**commodō commodāre commodāvī commodātus**: to bestow

**paenitentia –ae f.**: repentance, regret

**contentus –a –um**: satisfied

**administrātiō administrātiōnis f.**: official charge, office

**praepōnō praepōnere praeposuī praepositum**: to put at the head of (+acc. and dat.)

**tribūtum –ī n.**: tribute

**exāctiō exāctiōnis f.**: requisitioning, collecting

**aequālitās –ātis f.**: equity, fair distribution

**molliō mollīre mollīvī mollītus**: to soften, lighten

**circumcīdō –cīdere –cīdī –cīsum**: to curtail

**quaestus quaestūs m.**: gain

**tolerō tolerāre tolerāvī tolerātus**: to endure

**lūdibrium –iī n.**: mockery

**assideō assidēre assēdī assessus**: to sit by

**horreum –ī n.**: granary, barn

**emō emere ēmī ēmptus**: to buy

**ultrō**: still further, of one's own accord

**luō luere luī**: to discharge (an obligation), satisfy

**dīvortium –iī n.**: by-way, circuitous route

**longinquitās –ātis f.**: distance

**indīcō indīcere indīxī indictus**: to order

**proximus –a –um**: nearest

**hīberna –ōrum n.**: winter-quarters

**removeō removēre removī remōtus**: to remove, take away

**āvius –a –um**: unfrequented, inaccessible

**prōmptus –a –um**: close at hand, easy

**lucrōsus –a –um**: gainful, profitable

***Agricola* 20**

**comprimō comprimere compressī compressum**: to check, abolish

**circumdō circumdare circumdedī circumdatus**: to put round (+acc. and dat.)

**incūria –ae f.**: carelessness

**intolerantia –ae f.**: overbearing conduct

**aestās aestātis f.**: summer

**contrahō contrahere contrāxī contractus**: to draw together, muster

**modestia –ae f.**: obedience, orderliness

**dīsiciō –ere –iēcī –iectus**: to scatter

**coerceō coercēre coercuī coercitus**: to constrain, hold together

**aestuārium –ī n.**: estuary, firth, tidal creek

**praetemptō praetemptāre praetemptāvi praetemptātus**: to test beforehand

**quiētus –a –um**: quiet, peaceful

**quō**: (expresses degree of difference)

**subitus –a –um**: sudden

**excursus excursūs m.**: raid

**populor –ārī –ātus sum**: to lay waste

**irrītāmentum –ī n.**: means for exciting, incentive

**ostentō ostentāre ostentāvī ostentātus**: to display, hold out

**obses obsidis m. or f.**: hostage

**castellum castellī n.**: fort

**circumdō circumdare circumdedī circumdatus**: to surround (+acc. and abl.).

**Britannia –ae f.**: Britain

**inlacessītus –a –um**: unmolested

***Agricola* 21**

**salūber salūbris salūbre**: healing, salutary

**absūmō absumere absūmpsī absūmptum**: to spend

**dispergō –spergere –spersī –spersus**: to scatter

**rudis –e**: untrained, uncultivated

**quiēs –tis**: quiet, peace

**assuēscō assuescere assuēvī assuētum**: to become accustomed

**prīvātim**: privately

**adiuvō adiuvāre adiūvī adiūvatus**: to help

**exstruō –struere –strūxī –strūctus**: to build up

**prōmptus –a –um**: energetic, eager

**castīgō castīgāre castīgāvī castīgātus**: chastise

**sēgnis sēgne**: slothful

**aemulātiō aemulātiōnis f.**: rivalry, jealousy

**līberālis līberālis līberāle**: befitting the free, liberal

**ērudiō –rudīre –rudiī –rudītum**: to train, educate

**Britannī –ōrum m.**: Britons

**Gallus –a –um**: Gallic, pertaining to Gaul; (as a noun) a Gaul

**anteferō –ferre –tulī –lātus –ferre**: to put before, prefer

**Rōmānus –a –um**: Roman

**abnuō abnuere abnuī abnuitūrus**: refuse

**ēloquentia –ae f.**: eloquence, oratory, correct speech

**concupīscō concupiscīre concupīvī concupītus**: to yearn for, desire, covet

**habitus habitūs m.**: garb, clothing

**toga togae f.**: toga

**paulātim**: gradually

**discēdō discēdere discessī discessus**: decamp, leave one situation for another

**dēlēnīmentum –ī n**: attraction

**porticus porticūs f.**: covered walk, colonnade

**balneum or balineum –ī n.**: a bath

**ēlegantia –ae f.**: refinement

**imperītus –a –um**: ignorant, inexperienced

**hūmānitās hūmānitātis f.**: culture, civilization

**servitūs servitūtis f.**: slavery

***Agricola* 22**

**expedītiō –ōnis f.**: active service, expedition, campaign

**vāstō vāstāre vāstāvī vāstātus**: to lay waste

**Taum –ī n.**: Firth of Tay

**aestuārium –ī n.**: estuary, firth, tidal creek

**nātiō nātiōnis f.**: tribe

**formīdō formīdinis f.**: dread, fear

**cōnflīctō cōnflīctāre**: to knock about, afflict

**lacēssō lacēssere lacēssīvī lacēssītus**: to attack first, provoke

**īnsuper**: further, moreover

**castellum castellī n.**: fort

**annotō –notāre**: to notice, remark

**perītus –a –um**: skilled, experienced; (as a noun) an expert

**opportūnitās –ātis f.**: suitableness; (with locorum) advantageous position

**sapiēnter**: prudently, knowledgeably

**Agricola –ae m.**: Agricola

**castellum castellī n.**: fort

**expūgnō expugnāre expūgnāvī expūgnātus**: to storm

**pactiō –ōnis f.**: agreement

**obsidiō obsidiōnis f.**: siege

**annuus –a –um**: a year's worth

**fīrmō fīrmāre fīrmāvī fīrmātus**: to make strong, strengthen

**intrepidus –a –um**: free from alarm

**crebēr crēbra crēbrum**: frequent

**ēruptiō –ōnis f.**: sally

**irritus –a –um**: ineffective

**dēspērō dēspērāre dēspērāvī dēspērātus**: to despair

**aestās aestātis f.**: summer

**hīberna –ōrum n.**: winter-quarters

**ēventus ēventūs m.**: issue, result

**pēnsō pēnsāre**: to balance

**aestās aestātis f.**: summer

**iūxtā**: alike, equally

**avidus –a –um**: greedy, grasping

**intercipiō –cipere –cēpī –ceptus**: to appropriate

**centuriō centuriōnis m.**: centurion

**praefectus praefectī m.**: commander (of fleet, cavalry, cohort of auxiliaries)

**incorruptus –a –um**: unbiassed, sincere

**acerbus –a –um**: harsh

**convīcium –ī n.**: censure

**cōmis –e**: kind, courteous, affable

**iniūcundus –a –um**: unpleasant

**īrācundia īrācundiae f.**: irascibility, rage

**sēcrētus –a –um**: hidden

**silentium silenti(ī) n.**: silence

**offendō offendere offendī offēnsus**: to give offence to, hurt

***Agricola* 23**

**aestās aestātis f.**: summer

**obtineō obtinēre obtinuī obtentus**: to hold, maintain, secure

**percurrō –currere –cucurrī –cursus**: to traverse, overrun

**īnsūmō īnsūmere īnsūmpsī īnsūmptum**: to spend

**Rōmānus –a –um**: Roman

**Britannia –ae f.**: Britain

**terminus –ī m.**: bounds, limit

**Clōta –ae**: Firth of Clyde

**Bodotria –ae f.**: Firth of Forth

**aestus aestūs m.**: tide

**immēnsus –a –um**: boundless, immense

**revehō –vehere –vexī –vectus**: to carry back

**angustus –a –um**: narrow

**dirimō –ere –ēmī –ēmptus**: to separate

**fīrmō fīrmāre fīrmāvī fīrmātus**: to make strong, strengthen

**summoveō –mōvī –mōtus**: to clear off, remove

***Agricola* 24**

**quīntus –a –um**: 5th

**expedītiō –ōnis f.**: active service, expedition, campaign

**trānsgredior –gredī –gressus sum**: to cross, come over

**īgnōtus –a –um**: unknown

**crebēr crēbra crēbrum**: frequent

**prōsper – or more frequently – prōsperus –a –um**: favorable, successful

**domō domāre domuī domitus**: to subdue

**Britannia –ae f.**: Britain

**Hibernia –ae f.**: Ireland

**īnstruō īnstruere īnstrūxī īnstrūctus**: equip

**formīdō formīdinis f.**: dread, fear

**Hispānia –ae f.**: Spain

**Gallicus –a –um**: of Gaul, Gallic

**opportūnus –a –um**: handy, convenient

**vicis vicis f.**: change, succession; (invicem) mutually, by turns

**angustus –a –um**: narrow

**sōlum –ī n.**: soil

**cultus cultūs m.**: training, civilization, education, habit

**melior melius**: better

**aditus aditūs m.**: approach

**portus portūs m.**: harbor

**commercium –iī n.**: trade, interchange, commercial dealings

**negōtiātor –ōris m.**: businessman, dealer

**Agricola –ae m.**: Agricola

**expellō expellere expulī expulsus**: to expel, banish

**sēditiō sēditiōnis f.**: mutiny, disturbance

**domesticus –a –um**: at home, private

**rēgulus –ī m.**: ruler of a small country

**occāsiō occāsiōnis f.**: opportunity

**modicus modica modicum**: moderate

**dēbellō dēbellāre dēbellāvī dēbellātus**: to conquer

**obtineō obtinēre obtinuī obtentus**: to hold, maintain, secure

**Rōmānus –a –um**: Roman

**ubīque**: everywhere

**cōnspectus conspectūs m.**: sight

***Agricola* 25**

**aestās aestātis f.**: summer

**sextus –a –um**: 6th

**incohō –āre –āvī –ātum**: to begin

**amplector amplectī amplexus sum**: to embrace, encircle

**trāns**: across

**Bodotria –ae f.**: Firth of Forth

**situs –a –um**: situated

**mōtus mōtūs m.**: uprising

**ūniversus –a –um**: all together

**īnfestus –a –um**: beset

**hostīlis hostīlis hostīle**: of an enemy, hostile

**portus portūs m.**: harbor

**explōrō explōrāre explōrāvī explōrātus**: to reconnoitre

**Agricola –ae m.**: Agricola

**adsūmō –sūmere –sūmpsī –sūmptum**: to take besides, gather

**impellō impellere impulī impulsum**: to push forward

**pedes peditis m.**: foot soldier, infantry

**nauticus –a –um**: naval

**laetitia laetitiae f.**: joy, gladness

**attollō attollere**: to lift, raise, vaunt

**profundus –a –um**: deep

**hinc**: hence, next

**ōceanus –ī m.**: Ocean (esp. the German Ocean)

**mīlitāris –ris –re**: military, of soldiers

**iactāntia –ae f.**: boasting

**Britannī –ōrum m.**: Britons

**captīvus captīvī m.**: prisoner

**obstupefaciō –facere –fēcī –factus**: to amaze

**apertus aperta apertum**: open

**sēcrētus –a –um**: remote, hidden; (as a noun) remoteness

**perfugium –ī n.**: refuge

**Calēdonia –ae f.**: Caledonia, Scotland

**incolō incolere incoluī**: to inhabit

**parātus –ūs m.**: preparation

**īgnōtus –a –um**: unknown

**oppugnō oppugnāre oppugnāvī oppugnātus**: to attack

**ultrō**: of one's own accord

**castellum castellī n.**: fort

**adorior adorīrī adortus sum**: to attack

**prōvocō prōvocāre –āvī –ātus**: to challenge, provoke

**regredior regredī regressus sum**: to return

**citrā**: on this side of

**Bodotria –ae f.**: Firth of Forth

**īgnāvus –a –um**: cowardly

**prūdēns**: prudent, having knowledge of

**admoneō admonēre admonuī admonitus**: to warn, advise

**irrumpō irrumpere irrūpī irrumptus**: to burst upon

**perītia –ae f.**: skill

**circumeo circumīre circumiī/circumīvī circuitus**: to surround

**incēdō incēdere incessī incessus**: to march

***Agricola* 26**

**repente**: suddenly

**ūniversus –a –um**: all together

**nōnus –a –um**: 9th

**maximē:** most, especially

**invalidus –a –um**: weak

**aggredior aggredī aggressus sum**: to attack

**trepidātiō –ōnis f.**: alarm, bustle

**vigil –ilis**: sentinel

**irrumpō irrumpere irrūpī irrumptus**: to burst upon

**Agricola –ae m.**: Agricola

**explōrātor –ōris m.**: scout

**ēdoceō –ēre –uī –tus**: to inform thoroughly

**īnsequor īnsequī īnsecūtus sum**: to follow up

**vēlōx –ōcis**: swift

**pedes peditis m.**: foot soldier, infantry

**assultō –āre –āvī –ātum**: to attack

**adiciō adicere adiēcī adiectus**: to add

**propinquus –a –um**: near

**fulgeō fulgēre fulsī**: to flash

**anceps**: twofold

**Britannī –ōrum m.**: Britons

**nōnānus –a –um**: belonging to the 9th (Legion)

**ultrō**: of one's own accord

**ērumpō ērumpere ērūpī ēruptus**: to sally out

**atrōx**: fierce, terrible

**angustiae –ārum f.**: narrow places

**uterque utraque utrumque**: both

**egeō egēre eguī**: to need

**videor vidērī vīsus sum**: to seem

**nī**: unless

**palūs –ūdis f.**: marsh, swamp

**dēbellō dēbellāre dēbellāvī dēbellātus**: to conquer

***Agricola* 27**

**cōnscientia cōnscientiae f.**: consciousness, knowledge

**ferōx ferōcis**: bold, emboldened, headstrong

**invius –a –um**: impassable, inaccessible

**penetrō penetrāre penetrāvī penetrātus**: to traverse, go right through

**Calēdonia –ae f.**: Caledonia, Scotland

**Britannia –ae f.**: Britain

**terminus –ī m.**: limit, endpoint

**continuus –a –um**: uninterrupted, unbroken

**fremō fremere fremuī**: to clamor

**cautus –a –um**: cautious, discreet

**sapiens –ientis**: wise, prudent

**prōmptus –a –um**: ready, quick, eager

**ēventus ēventūs m.**: issue, result

**magniloquus –a –um**: talking loudly or boastfully

**inīquus –a –um**: unfair

**prōsper – or more frequently – prōsperus –a –um**: prosperous, favorable

**vindicō vindicāre vindicāvī vindicātus**: to claim

**imputō –putāre**: to credit, ascribe

**Britannī –ōrum m.**: Britons

**occāsiō occāsiōnis f.**: opportunity

**arrogantia –ae f.**: arrogance, haughtiness

**remittō remittere remīsī remissum**: to give up, lessen

**quō**: (expresses degree of difference)

**iuventūs iuventūtis f.**: the men of military age

**armō armāre armāvī armātus**: arm

**līberī līberōrum m. pl.**: children

**trānsferō trānsferre trānstulī trānslātus**: to transfer

**coetus coetūs m.**: assembly, gathering

**sacrificium sacrifici(ī) n.**: sacrifice

**cōnspīrātiō –ōnis f.**: confederacy

**sanciō sancīre sānxī sānctus**: to confirm, sanction

**inrītō inrītāre inrītāvī inrītātus**: to enrage

**utrimque**: on both sides

***Agricola* 28**

**aestās aestātis f.**: summer

**Usipī, –ōrum m.**: Usipi, a Germanic people

**Germānia –ae f.**: Germany, the Roman province; (pl.) Upper and Lower Germany

**cōnscrībō cōnscrībere cōnscrīpsī cōnscrīptus**: to enroll, conscript

**Britannia –ae f.**: Britain

**trānsmittō –ere –mīsī –missus**: to send across

**memorābilis –e**: worth recording, famous

**centuriō centuriōnis m.**: centurion

**immisceō –miscuī –mixtus**: to intermingle

**manipulus –ī m.**: maniple, company of 2 centuries

**rēctor –ōris m.**: guide

**liburnica –ae**: (*sc.* navis) a fast cruiser

**adigō adigere adēgī adāctus**: to force, compel

**gubernātor –ōris m.**: navigator

**suspīciō –spicere –spexī –spectum**: suspect

**vulgō vulgāre vulgāvī vulgātus**: to publish, spread abroad

**rūmor rūmōris m.**: story, report

**mīrāculum –ī n.**: wonder, apparition

**praevehor –vehī –vectus sum**: to sail past

**ūtēnsilia –ium n.**: necessities

**dēvertō dēvertere dēvertī dēversum**: to turn from

**Britannī –ōrum m.**: Britons

**dēfēnsō –sāre –sāvī –sātum**: to defend

**congredior congredī congressus sum**: to meet

**inopia inopiae f.**: want, poverty

**īnfīrmus –a –um**: weak

**vēscor vēscī**: to feed on (here with acc.)

**circumvehor circumvehī circumvectus sum**: to sail round

**īnscītia –ae f.**: ignorance, inexperience

**praedō praedōnis m.**: pirate

**Suēbī –ōrum m. pl.**: the Suebi (a Germanic tribe)

**Frisiī, –ōrum m.**: Frisii, a people of Northern Europe

**intercipiō –cipere –cēpī –ceptus**: to catch

**commercium –iī n.**: trade, interchange, commercial dealings

**vēnumdo –dare –dedī –datus**: to sell

**mūtātiō –ōnis f.**: exchange

**emō emere ēmī ēmptus**: to buy

**indicium indici(ī) n.**: sign, indication, report

**illūstrō illūstrāre illūstrāvī illūstrātus**: to illuminate, make famous

***Agricola* 29**

**aestās aestātis f.**: summer

**Agricola –ae m.**: Agricola

**domesticus –a –um**: private

**īciō īcere īcī ictum**: to strike

**ambitiōsus –a –um**: ostentatious, pretentious

**lāmenta –ōrum n.**: mourning

**maeror maerōris m.**: mourning, sorrow

**muliebris muliebris muliebre**: feminine, womanish

**lūctus lūctūs m.**: grief, mourning

**remedium remediī n.**: cure, remedy

**praemittō praemittere praemīsī praemissum**: to send in advance

**praedor –dārī praedātus sum**: to plunder, raid

**incertus –a –um**: undefined

**terror terrōris m.**: fear

**expediō expedīre expediī/expedīvī expedītus**: to set free of encumbrances

**Britannī –ōrum m.**: Britons

**explōrō explōrāre explōrāvī explōrātus**: to reconnoitre

**Graupius –ī m.**: Graupius, a mountain in Scotland

**īnsīdō –sidere –sēdī –sessus**: to take position on, occupy

**ēventus ēventūs m.**: issue, result

**ultiō –ōnis f.**: revenge

**servitium serviti(ī) n.**: slavery

**doctus –a –um**: educated, having been taught

**concordia concordiae f.**: unity, harmony

**prōpulsō prōpulsāre**: to ward off

**lēgātiō lēgātiōnis f.**: embassy

**foedus foederis n.**: league, treaty

**exciō –cīre –cīvī –ītus**: to arouse

**trīgintā**: thirty

**mīlia mīlium n.**: thousands

**armō armāre armāvī armātus**: arm

**adfluō –fluere –flūxī –flūxus**: to flock in

**iuventūs iuventūtis f.**: the men of military age

**crūdus –a –um**: fresh, vigorous

**viridis –e**: vigorous, green

**senectūs senectūtis f.**: old age

**gestō gestāre gestāvī gestātus**: to wear, flaunt

**Calgacus –ī m.**: Calgacus

**contrahō contrahere contrāxī contractus**: to draw together, muster

***Agricola* 30**

**intueor intuērī intuitus sum**: to look upon

**hodiernus –a –um**: of today

**cōnsēnsus –ūs m.**: unanimity, agreement

**Britannia –ae f.**: Britain

**ūniversus –a –um**: all together

**coeō coīre coīvī/coiī coitus**: to come together

**servitūs servitūtis f.**: slavery

**expers expertis**: free from, with no part in (+gen.)

**immineō imminēre**: to overhang, threaten (+dat.)

**Rōmānus –a –um**: Roman

**īgnāvus –a –um**: cowardly

**tūtus –a –um**: safe

**subsidium subsidi(ī) n.**: support

**penetrālis –le**: innermost

**situs –a –um**: situated

**contāctus –ūs m.**: contact, contagion

**dominātiō –ōnis f.**: tyranny

**inviolātus –a –um**: unharmed, unpolluted

**recessus –ūs m.**: retired place

**terminus –ī m.**: boundary, endpoint

**īgnōtus –a –um**: unknown

**magnificus –a –um**: magnificent, great

**nī**: unless

**īnfestus –a –um**: hostile

**superbia superbiae f.**: pride

**obsequium –ī n.**: obedience

**modestia –ae f.**: obedience, orderliness

**effugiō effugere effūgī**: to escape

**raptor –ōris m.**: plunderer

**orbis orbis m.**: the world (with and without terrarum)

**vāstō vāstāre vāstāvī vāstātus**: to lay waste

**scrūtor scrūtārī scrūtātus sum**: to search, scan

**locuplēs –ētis**: wealthy, rich

**avārus –a –um**: grasping, avaricious

**ambitiōsus –a –um**: ostentatious, pretentious

**Oriēns –entis m.**: the East

**Occidēns –entis**: the West

**satiō satiāre satiāvī satiātum**: to glut

**inopia inopiae f.**: want, poverty

**affectus –ūs m.**: longing, desire, affection

**concupīscō concupiscīre concupīvī concupītus**: to yearn for, desire, covet

**trucīdō trucīdāre trucīdāvī trucīdātus**: to butcher, massacre

**sōlitūdō –inis f.**: wilderness

***Agricola* 31**

**līberī līberōrum m. pl.**: children

**propinquus –a –um**: (in pl. as noun) relatives

**dilēctus –ūs m.**: levy

**alibī**: elsewhere

**hostīlis hostīlis hostīle**: of an enemy, hostile

**effugiō effugere effūgī**: to escape

**amīcus amīcī m.**: friend

**polluō –ere –uī –ūtus**: to pollute, violate

**tribūtum –ī n.**: tribute

**palūs –ūdis f.**: marsh, swamp

**ēmūniō –īre –iī –ītus**: to put a road over

**verber –eris n.**: lash

**contumēlia contumēliae f.**: insult

**contero conterere contrīvī contrītum**: to wear out

**nātus –a –um**: born

**servitūs servitūtis f.**: slavery

**mancipium –ī n.**: slave

**vēneō –īre –iī (or –īvī) –ītum**: to be sold

**ultrō**: of one's own accord

**dominus dominī m.**: lord, master

**Britannia –ae f.**: Britain

**servitūs servitūtis f.**: slavery

**cotīdiē/cottīdiē**: daily

**emō emere ēmī ēmptus**: to buy

**cotīdiē**: daily

**pāscō pāscere pāvī pāstum**: to feed

**conserva –ae f. and conservus –ī m.**: fellow–slave

**lūdibrium –iī n.**: mockery

**orbis orbis m.**: the world (with and without terrarum)

**famulātus –ūs m.**: slave establishment

**vīlis vīlis vīle**: cheap

**excidium –iī n.**: destruction

**metallum –ī n.**: (pl.) mines

**portus portūs m.**: harbor

**reservō reservāre reservāvī reservātus**: to reserve, keep

**porrō**: moreover

**ferōcia –ae f.**: boldness, high spirit

**subiciō subicere subiēcī subiectus**: to subject, subdue

**longinquitās –ātis f.**: distance

**sēcrētus –a –um**: remote, hidden

**quō**: (expresses degree of difference)

**tūtus –a –um**: safe

**suspiciō suspicere suspexī suspectus**: to suspect

**venia veniae f.**: pardon

**Brigantes –um m.**: Brigantes, a British tribe

**exūrō –ūrere –ussī –ūstus**: to burn up

**colōnia colōniae f.**: colony

**expūgnō expaugnāre expūgnāvī expūgnātus**: to storm

**nī**: unless

**fēlīcitās –ātis f.**: happiness

**sōcordia –ae f.**: negligence, indolence

**exuō exuere exuī exūtus**: to put off, cast off

**indomitus –a –um**: unsubdued

**paenitentia –ae f.**: repentance, regret

**bellō bellāre bellāvī bellātus**: to make war

**congressus –ūs m.**: meeting (in battle)

**Calēdonia –ae f.**: Caledonia, Scotland

**sēpōnō –pōnere –posuī –positum**: to reserve

***Agricola* 32**

**Rōmānus –a –um**: Roman

**lascīvia –ae f.**: riotous living

**dissēnsiō –ōnis f.**: disagreement

**discordia discordiae f.**: quarrel, disagreement

**contrahō contrahere contrāxī contractus**: to draw together, muster

**dissolvō dissolvere dissolvī dissolūtus**: to break up

**nī**: unless

**Gallus –a –um**: Gallic, pertaining to Gaul; (as a noun) a Gaul

**Germānī –ōrum m.**: Germans

**pudet pudēre puduit/puditum est**: (impersonal) it puts to shame

**Britannī –ōrum m.**: Britons

**plērīque –aeque –aque**: very many

**dominātiō –ōnis f.**: tyranny

**commodō commodāre commodāvī commodātus**: to lend, bestow

**fidēs –eī f.**: loyalty

**affectus –ūs m.**: longing, desire, affection

**terror terrōris m.**: fear

**īnfīrmus –a –um**: weak

**cāritās cāritātis f.**: affection

**removeō removēre removī remōtus**: to remove, take away

**incitāmentum –ī n.**: inducement

**accendō accendere accendī accēnsus**: to fire, kindle

**exprobō exprobāre exprobāvī exprobātus**: to unbraid, censure, taunt

**trepidus –a –um**: alarmed

**ignōrantia -ae f.**: ignorance

**īgnōtus –a –um**: unknown

**circumspectō circumspectāre circumspectāvī circumspectātus**: to look round upon

**quōdammodo**: in a certain way

**vinciō vincīre vīnxī vīnctum**: to bind

**aspectus aspectūs m.**: sight, appearance

**fulgor –ōris m. or fulgur –ūris n.**: flash

**vulnerō vulnerāre vulnerāvī vulnerātus**: to wound

**āgnōscō āgnōscere āgnōvī agnitus**: to recognize

**Britannī –ōrum m.**: Britons

**recordor recordārī recordātus sum**: to remember

**nūper**: lately, recently

**Usipī, –ōrum m.**: Usipi, a Germanic people

**formīdō formīdinis f.**: dread, fear

**castellum castellī n.**: fort

**colōnia colōniae f.**: colony

**iniūstus –a –um**: unjust

**mūnicipium mūnicipi(ī) n.**: township

**discordō –dāre –dāvī –dātum**: to disagree

**tribūtum –ī n.**: tribute

**metallum –ī n.**: (pl.) mines

**perferō perferre pertulī perlātus**: to endure

**ulcīscor ulcīscī ultus sum**: to avenge

**proinde**: accordingly

**maiōrēs maiōrum**: ancestors

***Agricola* 33**

**alacer alacris alacre**: eager, excited

**fremitus –ūs m.**: clamor

**cantus –ūs m.**: singing

**dissonus –a –um**: confused in sound, dissonant

**fulgor –ōris m. or fulgur –ūris n.**: flash

**prōcursus –ūs m.**: forward movement

**īnstruō īnstruere īnstrūxī īnstrūctus**: draw up

**Agricola –ae m.**: Agricola

**mūnīmentum –ī n**: fortification

**coerceō coercēre coercuī coercitus**: to constrain, restrain

**accendō accendere accendī accēnsus**: to fire, kindle

**disserō disserere disseruī dissertus**: to speak, make speech

**septimus –a –um**: 7th

**commīlitō –ōnis m.**: fellow-soldier

**auspicium auspicī(ī) n.**: divination; (pl.) auspices

**Rōmānus –a –um**: Roman

**fidēs –eī f.**: loyalty

**Britannia –ae f.**: Britain

**expedītiō –ōnis f.**: active service, expedition, campaign

**fortitūdō fortitūdinis f.**: bravery, courage

**patientia patientiae f.**: endurance, patience

**paenitet paenitēre paenituit**: to regret (+acc. and gen.)

**terminus –ī m.**: endpoint, limit

**rūmor rūmōris m.**: story, report

**subigō subigere subēgī subāctum**: to subdue

**equidem**: indeed

**palūs –ūdis f.**: marsh, swamp

**fatīgō fatīgāre fatīgāvī fatīgātus**: to wear out

**latebra –ae f.**: hiding-place, hole

**extrūdō –trūdere –trūsī –trūsum**: to thrust out

**apertus aperta apertum**: open

**prōnus –a –um**: easy

**tantum**: so much (+ gen.)

**ēvādō ēvādere ēvāsī ēvāsus**: to pass through, escape

**aestuārium –ī n.**: estuary, firth, tidal creek

**decōrus –a –um**: honorable

**perīculōsus –a –um**: dangerous

**prōsper – or more frequently – prōsperus –a –um**: favorable

**nōtitia ae f.**: knowledge

**commeātus commeatūs m.**: provisions

**abundantia –ae f.**: abundance, lavishness

**attineō attinēre attinuī attentum**: to hold near, delay, stretch towards; (attinet) pertain

**prīdem**: (with iam) long since

**proinde**: accordingly

**potior potius**: better, preferable (comparative of potis)

**incolumitās –ātis f.**: safety

**inglōrius –a –um**: without honor, without fame

***Agricola* 34**

**īgnōtus –a –um**: unknown

**recēnseō –sēre –suī –sus or –situs**: to recount, review

**proximus –a –um**: most recent, last

**fūrtum fūrtī n.**: stealth

**aggredior aggredī aggressus sum**: to attack

**dēbellō dēbellāre dēbellāvī dēbellātus**: to conquer

**Britannī –ōrum m.**: Britons

**fugāx –ācis**: swift in flight

**superstes –itis**: surviving

**saltus saltūs m.**: mountain-pass, glade

**penetrō penetrāre penetrāvī penetrātus**: to traverse, go right through

**ruō ruere ruī rūtum**: to rush

**pavidus –a –um**: trembling, alarmed

**iners**: inactive, cowardly

**sonus sonī m.**: sound

**prīdem**: (with iam) long since

**īgnāvus –a –um**: cowardly

**quod**: in that, the fact that, because

**restō restāre restitī**: to resist

**dēprehendō dēprehendere dēprehendī dēprehensus**: to overtake, catch

**torpor torpōris m.**: numbness (of fear), stupefaction, paralysis

**dēfīgō dēfīgere dēfīxī dēfīxus**: to fix firmly

**spectābilis –e**: visible, notable, remarkable

**trānsigō trānsigere trānsēgī trānsāctum**: to pass; (with cum) have done with

**expedītiō –ōnis f.**: active service, expedition, campaign

**quīnquāgintā**: 50

**approbō –āre –āvī –ātum**: to prove or make approved

**imputō –putāre**: to credit, ascribe

**rebello –āre –āvī –ātum**: to rebel

***Agricola* 35**

**alloquor alloquī allocūtus**: to address

**Agricola –ae m.**: Agricola

**ārdor ārdōris m.**: ardor, fire, zeal

**ēmineō –minēre –minuī**: to stand out, blaze out

**alacritās –ātis f.**: eagerness

**discurrō –currere –cucurrī –cursus**: to run about, run in different directions

**īnstīnguō īnstīnguere īnstīnxī īnstīnctum**: to inspire

**ruō ruere ruī rūtum**: to rush

**dispōnō dispōnere dispōsuī dispōsitus**: to arrange

**pedes peditis m.**: foot soldier, infantry

**octō**: 8

**mīlia mīlium n.**: thousands

**fīrmō fīrmāre fīrmāvī fīrmātus**: to make strong, strengthen

**affundo affundere affūdi affūsum**: to spread around

**vallum vallī n.**: rampart, entrenchment

**citrā**: short of, without

**Rōmānus –a –um**: Roman

**bellō bellāre bellāvī bellātus**: to make war

**Britannī –ōrum m.**: Britons

**terror terrōris m.**: fear

**acclīvis –e**: uphill, sloping

**cōnectō –nectere –nexuī –nexus**: to bring close together

**īnsurgō –surgere –surrēxi –rēctus**: to rise up

**covīnnārius –a –um**: in chariots

**strepitus –ūs m.**: noise

**discursus –ūs m.**: maneuvering

**compleō complere complēvī complētus**: to fill full

**dīdūcō –dūcere –dūxī –ductum**: to draw apart, open out

**porrigō porrigere porrēxī porrēctum**: to stretch forward

**arcessō arcessere arcessīvī arcessītus**: to send for, summon

**admoneō admonēre admonuī admonitus**: to warn, advise

**prōmptus –a –um**: ready, quick

**fīrmus –a –um**: strong, unyielding

**vexillum –ī n.**: standard, flag, company

***Agricola* 36**

**congressus –ūs m.**: meeting (in battle)

**ēminus**: at a distance

**cōnstantia cōnstantiae f.**: firmness, steadiness, determination

**Britannī –ōrum m.**: Britons

**caetra –ae f.**: short Spanish shield

**missilis –e**: missile

**excutiō excutere excussī excussum**: to shake off, beat off, parry

**superfundō –fundere –fūsī –fūsum**: pour on

**Agricola –ae m.**: Agricola

**Batavī –ōrum m.**: the Batavi or Batavians

**Tungrī –ōrum m.**: Tungri (a Gallic people)

**cohortor –ārī cohortātus sum**: to exhort, encourage

**mūcrō –ōnis m.**: sword-point

**vetustās vetustātis f.**: long period

**mīlitia –ae f.**: military service

**exercitō exercitāre**: to train

**inhabilis –e**: awkward to handle

**scūtum scūtī n.**: shield (oblong, made of wood and leather)

**ēnōrmis –e**: unusually great, enormous

**mūcrō –ōnis m.**: sword-point

**complector complectī complexus sum**: to embrace, include, hold fast

**artus –a –um**: confined, narrow; (as a noun) a narrow space, tight quarters

**tolerō tolerāre tolerāvī tolerātus**: to endure, sustain

**feriō ferīre**: to strike

**umbō –ōnis m.**: boss of shield

**fodiō fodere fōdī fossum**: to stab

**sternō sternere strāvī strātus**: to lay low

**adsistō adsistere adstitī**: to stand

**ērigō ērigere ērēxī ērēctus**: to send up

**collis collis m.**: hill

**aemulātiō aemulātiōnis f.**: rivalry, jealousy

**cōnītor –nītī –nīsus sum**: to strive

**proximus –a –um**: nearest

**sēminex (nom. not in use) sēminecis**: half-dead

**festīnātio –ōnis f.**: haste

**turma turmae f.**: troop of horse

**covīnnārius –a –um**: on chariots; (as a noun) charioteer

**pedes peditis m.**: foot soldier, infantry

**terror terrōris m.**: fear

**dēnsus –a –um**: thick, close-packed, dense

**inaequālis –e**: uneven, not level

**haereō haerēre haesī haesūrus**: to stick, be hemmed in

**minimus –a –um**: least, very little

**equester –tris –tre**: of cavalry

**impellō impellere impulī impulsum**: to drive, push forward

**exterreō –terrēre –terruī –territus**: to frighten

**rēctor –ōris m.**: driver

**formīdō formīdinis f.**: dread, fear

**trānsversus –a –um**: on the side, sideways

**obvius obvia obvium**: in the way, encountering

**incursō incursāre**: to run at or into, strike against

***Agricola* 37**

**Britannī –ōrum m.**: Britons

**expers expertis**: with no part in (+gen.)

**summus –a –um**: highest

**collis collis m.**: hill

**īnsīdō –sīdere –sēdī –sessus**: to take position on, occupy

**paucitās –ātis f.**: fewness, scarcity

**spernō spernere sprēvī sprētum**: to despise

**dēgredior dēgredī dēgressus sum**: to come down, descend

**paulātim**: gradually

**circumeo circumīre circumiī/circumīvī circuitus**: to go around

**nī**: unless

**Agricola –ae m.**: Agricola

**āla ālae f.**: squadron of horse

**subitus –a –um**: sudden

**oppōnō oppōnere opposuī oppositum**: to present, offer

**ferōx ferōcis**: bold, emboldened, headstrong

**accurrō –currere –cucurrī –cursus**: to rush, charge

**dīsiciō –icere –iēcī –iectus**: to scatter

**trānsvehō trānsvehere –vēxī –vectum**: to transport, pass by

**āvertō avertere avertī aversus**: to turn away

**invādō invādere invāsī invāsum**: to attack

**grandis grandis grande**: great, large, fine

**atrōx**: terrible

**spectāculum spectāculī n.**: sight

**vulnerō vulnerāre vulnerāvī vulnerātus**: to wound

**trucīdō trucīdāre trucīdāvī trucīdātus**: to butcher, massacre

**prout**: according as, just as

**caterva –ae f.**: body of troops, horde

**armō armāre armāvī armātus**: arm

**inermis inermis inerme**: unarmed

**ultrō**: of one's own accord

**ruō ruere ruī rūtum**: to rush

**passim**: on all sides, in all directions

**lacer –era –erum**: mutilated

**artus artūs m.**: limb

**cruentus –a –um**: blood-stained

**appropinquō appropinquāre appropinquavī**: to approach

**incautus –a –um**: incautious, careless

**gnārus –a –um**: having knowledge

**circumveniō circumvenīre circumvēnī circumventus**: to surround

**nī**: unless

**ubīque**: everywhere

**expediō expedīre expediī/expedīvī expedītus**: to set free, unencumber

**indāgō –inis f.**: driving game (in hunting)

**sīcubi**: wherever

**artus –a –um**: confined, narrow

**persultō –āre –āvī –ātum**: range about a place

**fīdūcia fīdūciae f.**: confidence

**fīrmus –a –um**: strong, unyielding

**respectō respectāre respectāvī respectātus**: to look to

**vītābundus –a –um**: staying out of the way

**vicis vicis f.**: change, succession; (invicem) mutually

**longinquus –a –um**: distant

**āvius –a –um**: unfrequented, inaccessible

**satietās –ātis f.**: repletion

**mīlia mīlium n.**: thousands

**trecentī –ae –a**: 300

**sexāgintā**: 60

**Aulus –ī m.**: Aulus

**Atticus –ī m.**: Atticus

**praefectus praefectī m.**: commander (of fleet, cavalry, cohort of auxiliaries)

**iuvenīlis –e**: youthful

**ārdor ārdōris m.**: ardor, fire, zeal

**ferōcia –ae f.**: boldness, high spirit

***Agricola* 38**

**Britannī –ōrum m.**: Britons

**pālor –ātus sum**: to wander, roam

**plōrātus –ūs m.**: mourning

**vulnerō vulnerāre vulnerāvī vulnerātus**: to wound

**ultrō**: of one's own accord

**incendō incendere incendī incensus**: to set fire to

**latebra –ae f.**: hiding-place

**vicis vicis f.**: change, succession; (invicem) by turns

**sēparō sēparāre sēparāvī sēparātum**: to separate

**aspectus aspectūs m.**: sight, appearance

**pīgnus –oris n.**: (in pl.) dear ones

**concitō concitāre concitāvī concitātus**: to rouse to fury

**saeviō saevīre saeviī saevitum**: (with in) treat with cruelty, be brutal to

**līberī līberōrum m. pl.**: children

**misereor –ērī miseritus sum**: to pity

**proximus –a –um**: next

**vāstus –a –um**: dreary, desolate, wide

**ubīque**: everywhere

**silentium silenti(ī) n.**: silence

**sēcrētus –a –um**: hidden, deserted

**collis collis m.**: hill

**fūmō fūmāre fūmāvī fūmātus**: to smoke

**explōrātor –ōris m.**: scout

**obvius obvia obvium**: in the way

**incertus –a –um**: uncertain, indistinct

**usquam**: anywhere

**conglobō –āre –āvī –ātum**: to mass together

**comperiō comperīre comperī compertus**: to find, ascertain

**aestās aestātis f.**: summer

**nequeō nequīre nequiī/nequīvī nequitum**: to be unable

**Borestī, –ōrum m.**: Boresti (people of Scotland)

**obses obsidis m. or f.**: hostage

**praefectus praefectī m.**: commander (of fleet, cavalry, cohort of auxiliaries)

**circumvehor –circumvehī –circumvectus sum**: to sail around

**Britannia –ae f.**: Britain

**praecēdō –cēdere –cessī –cessus**: to go before

**terror terrōris m.**: fear

**pedes peditis m.**: foot soldier, infantry

**lentus –a –um**: slow

**trānsitus trānsitūs m.**: passing

**hīberna –ōrum n.**: winter-quarters

**locō locāre locāvī locātus**: to place

**Trucculensis –e**: Trucculensian

**portus portūs m.**: harbor

**praelegō –legere –lēgī –lēctum**: to sail by

***Agricola* 39**

**iactāntia –ae f.**: boasting

**Agricola –ae m.**: Agricola

**Domitiānus –ī m.**: Domitian, emperor 81-96

**ānxius –a –um**: worried, earnest

**īnsum inesse īnfuī**: to be in

**cōnscientia cōnscientiae f.**: consciousness, knowledge

**dērīsus –ūs m.**: mockery

**nūper**: lately

**Germānia –ae f.**: Germany, the Roman province; Germany proper

**triumphus triumphī m.**: triumph

**emō emere ēmī ēmptus**: to buy

**commercium –iī n.**: trade, interchange, commercial dealings

**habitus habitūs m.**: clothing, dress, physical appearance

**crīnis crīnis m.**: hair

**captīvus captīvī m.**: prisoner

**fōrmō fōrmāre fōrmāvī fōrmātus**: to shape, form

**mīlia mīlium n.**: thousands

**māximus –a –um**: greatest; maxime: most, especially

**formīdolōsus –a –um**: inspiring fear

**prīnceps –ipis m.**: emperor

**attollō attollere**: to lift, raise

**cīvīlis cīvīlis cīvīle**: civil

**silentium silenti(ī) n.**: silence

**mīlitāris –ris –re**: military

**utcumque**: by some means or other

**dissimulō dissimulāre dissimulāvī dissimulātus**: to hide, obscure

**imperātōrius –a –um**: imperial

**cōgitātiō cōgitātiōnis f.**: meditation, thought

**indicium indici(ī) n.**: sign, indication, report

**sēcrētus –a –um**: remote, hidden

**satiō satiāre satiāvī satiātum**: to glut

**optimus –a –um**: best

**praesentia praesentiae f.**: (with in) for the present, at present

**repōnō repōnere reposuī repositus**: to lay aside

**favor favōris m.**: popularity, devotion

**languēscō –ere –languī**: to grow faint

**Britannia –ae f.**: Britain

**obtineō obtinēre obtinuī obtentus**: to hold, maintain, secure

***Agricola* 40**

**triumphālis –e**: triumphal

**ōrnāmentum –ī n.**: adornment, ornament

**illūstris illūstre**: honorific

**statua statuae f.**: statue

**triumphus triumphī m.**: triumph

**cumulō cumulāre cumulāvī cumulātus**: increase

**īnsuper**: further, moreover

**opīniō opīniōnis f.**: expectation

**Syria –ae f.**: Syria (Roman province)

**Agricola –ae m.**: Agricola

**dēstinō dēstināre dēstināvī dēstinātus**: to intend

**Atīlius –iī m.**: Atilius Rufus

**Rūfus –ī m.**: Rufus

**cōnsulāris cōnsulāris cōnsulāre**: of consular rank; (as noun) ex-consul

**maior māius**: greater

**reservō reservāre reservāvī reservātus**: to reserve, keep

**lībertus lībertī m.**: freedman

**sēcrētus –a –um**: hidden

**ministerium –ī n.**: service, body of servants

**cōdicillus cōdicillī m.**: document

**Syria –ae f.**: Syria (Roman province)

**Britannia –ae f.**: Britain

**fretum fretī n.**: straits

**ōceanus –ī m.**: Ocean (esp. the German Ocean)

**obvius obvia obvium**: encountering

**Domitiānus –ī m.**: Domitian, emperor 81-96

**remeō remeāre remeāvī remeātus**: to go back

**prīnceps –ipis m.**: emperor

**successor successōris m.**: successor

**tūtus –a –um**: safe

**notābilis –e**: conspicuous

**celebritās –ātis f.**: a gathering

**frequentia frequentiae f.**: concourse

**introitus –ūs m.**: entrance

**amīcus amīcī m.**: friend

**Palātium– ī n.**: palace

**ōsculum –ī n.**: kiss

**immisceō –miscuī –mixtus**: to join, intermingle

**mīlitāris –ris –re**: military

**ōtiōsus –a –um**: peaceful, at leisure

**temperō temperāre temperāvī temperātus**: to temper, blend

**tranquillitās –tātis f.**: peace

**penitus**: far within, deeply

**hauriō haurīre hausī hastus**: to drain, drink deep of

**cultus cultūs m.**: training, civilization, education, habit

**modicus modica modicum**: moderate

**comitō –āre –āvī –ātus**: accompany, escort

**ambitiō ambitiōnis f.**: self-seeking, ambition, ostentation

**aestimō aestimāre aestimāvī aestimātus**: value, test, judge

**aspiciō –icere –exī –ectus**: observe, catch sight of

**interpretor –pretārī**: to explain, account for

***Agricola* 41**

**crēbrō**: often

**Domitiānus –ī m.**: Domitian, emperor 81-96

**accūsō accūsāre accūsāvī accūsātus**: to accuse

**absolvō –ere –solvī –solūtum**: to acquit

**querēla querēlae f.**: complaint

**īnfēnsus –a –um**: hostile

**prīnceps –ipis m.**: emperor

**īnsequor īnsequī īnsecūtus sum**: to follow up

**sileō silēre siluī**: to leave unmentioned

**Agricola –ae m.**: Agricola

**Moesia –ae f.**: Moesia, a Roman province in the Balkans

**Dācia –ae f.**: Dacia

**Germānia –ae f.**: Germany, the Roman province; Germany proper

**Pannonia –ae f.**: Pannonia, one of the Balkan provinces of Rome

**temeritās temeritās f.**: rashness

**ignāvia –ae f.**: cowardice

**mīlitāris –ris –re**: military

**expūgnō expaugnāre expūgnāvī expūgnātus**: to storm

**līmes –itis m.**: boundary, frontier

**hīberna –ōrum n.**: winter-quarters

**possessiō possessiōnis f.**: occupation, keeping hold of

**continuō continuāre continuāvī contiunātus**: to keep up without interruption

**clādēs clādis f.**: defeat, disaster

**īnsīgniō –īre –īvī or iī –ītus**: to mark

**vigor vigōris m.**: energy, vigor

**cōnstantia cōnstantiae f.**: firmness, steadiness, determination

**inertia inertiae f.**: inactivity, idleness

**formīdō formīdinis f.**: dread, fear

**verberō verberāre verberāvī verberātus**: to lash

**lībertus lībertī m.**: freedman

**fidēs –eī f.**: loyalty

**malignitas –tātis f.**: wickedness, malice

**līvor –ōris m.**: spite

**prōnus –a –um**: inclined

**dēterior –ius**: worse

**exstimulō –stimulāre**: to goad, urge

**praeceps**: headlong

***Agricola* 42**

**prōcōnsulātus –ūs**: proconsulship

**Āfrica –ae f.**: Roman province of Africa

**Asia –ae f.**: Roman province of Asia

**sortior –īrī –ītus sum**: to obtain by lots, draw lots

**Cīvica –ae m.**: Vettulenus Civica

**nūper**: lately

**Agricola –ae m.**: Agricola

**Domitiānus –ī m.**: Domitian, emperor 81-96

**cōgitātiō cōgitātiōnis f.**: meditation, thought

**prīnceps –ipis m.**: emperor

**perītus –a –um**: skilled, experienced, having knowledge

**ultrō**: of one's own accord

**prīmō**: in first place

**occultus –a –um**: concealed, secret, in concealment

**quiēs quiētis f.**: rest, quiet, retirement

**approbō –āre –āvī –ātum**: to make approved

**excūsātiō excūsātiōnis f.**: excuse

**postrēmō**: at last, finally

**obscūrus –a –um**: veiled, hidden

**suādeō suādēre suāsī suāsus**: to urge, advise

**pertraho pertrahere pertraxi pertractum**: conduct

**parātus –a –um**: prepared

**simulātiō simulātiōnis f.**: pretense

**arrogantia –ae f.**: arrogance, haughtiness

**excūsō excūsāre excūsāvī excūsātus**: to excuse, make excuses

**adnuō –ere –nuī (–ūtus; rare)**: to consent

**ērubescō –rubescere –rubuī**: to blush

**salārium –ī n.**: salary

**prōcōnsulāris –e**: pertaining to a proconsul

**offendō offendere offendī offēnsus**: to give offence to, hurt

**cōnscientia cōnscientiae f.**: conscience

**videor vidērī vīsus sum**: to seem

**emō emere ēmī ēmptus**: to buy

**praeceps**: headlong

**quō**: (expresses degree of difference)

**irrevocābilis –e**: implacable

**moderātiō –ōnis f.**: self-restraint, moderation

**prudentia prudentiae f.**: prudence, good sense

**lēniō lēnīre lēnīvī lēnītus**: to soften

**contumācia –ae f.**: obstinacy

**inānis inānis ināne**: idle, vain, pointless

**iactātiō iactātiōnis f.**: boasting, self-display

**prōvocō prōvocāre –āvī –ātus**: to challenge, call forth

**illicitus –a –um**: unlawful, illicit

**obsequium –ī n.**: obedience

**modestia –ae f.**: moderation, discretion

**industria industriae f.**: energy

**vigor vigōris m.**: energy, vigor

**excēdō excēdere excessī excessus**: to proceed, advance

**abruptus –a –um**: precipitous, steep

**ambitiōsus –a –um**: ostentatious, pretentious

**inclāresco inclārescere inclāruī**: to become famous

***Agricola* 43**

**lūctuōsus –a –um**: mournful

**amīcus amīcī m.**: friend

**extrāneus -a -um**: one outside the family, stranger

**īgnōtus –a –um**: unknown

**ventitō ventitāre ventitāvī ventitātus**: to come often

**circulus –ī m.**: club, coterie

**Agricola –ae m.**: Agricola

**laetor laetārī laetātus sum**: to be glad

**oblīvīscor oblīvīscī oblītus sum**: to forget

**miserātiō –ōnis f.**: compassion

**rūmor rūmōris m.**: story, report

**venēnum venēnī n.**: poison

**intercipiō –ere –cēpī –ceptus**: to take off, remove

**comperiō comperīre comperī compertus**: to find, ascertain

**affīrmō affirmāre affirmāvī affirmātus**: to assert, declare, state

**valētūdō valētūdinis f.**: sickness

**crebēr crēbra crēbrum**: frequent

**prīncipātus –ūs m.**: princely power

**nūntius –a –um**: announcing, that which makes known; (as noun) messenger

**vīsō vīsere vīsī vīsus**: to pay visit to

**lībertus lībertī m.**: freedman

**medicus medicī m.**: doctor, physician

**intimus –a –um**: inmost, intimate

**inquīsītiō inquīsītiōnis f.**: espionage

**suprēmus –a –um**: last

**mōmentum –ī n.**: fluctuation, crisis

**dispōnō dispōnere dispōsuī dispōsitus**: to arrange

**cursor cursōris m.**: courier

**nūntiō nuntiāre nuntiāvī nuntiātus**: to announce

**accelerō accelerāre accelerāvī accelerātus**: to hasten

**prae**: in front of; prae se, outwardly

**dissimulō dissimulāre dissimulāvī dissimulātus**: to hide, obscure

**testāmentum testāmentī n.**: will

**cohērēs –hērēdis m./f.**: coheir

**Domitiānus –ī m.**: Domitian, emperor 81-96

**laetor laetārī laetātus sum**: to be glad

**assiduus –a –um**: constant

**adūlātiō –ōnis f.**: flattery

**hērēs hērēdis m. or f.**: heir

**nī**: unless

**prīnceps –ipis m.**: emperor

***Agricola* 44**

**Agricola –ae m.**: Agricola

**Gāius –iī m.**: Gaius Caesar, emperor 37-41

**Caesar Caesaris m.**: Caesar

**īdūs īduum (pl. f.)**: the ides (13th or 15th of month)

**Iūnius –a –um**: June

**excēdō excēdere excessī excessus**: to deaprt

**quīnquāgēsimus –a –um**: 50th

**Kalendae –ārum f.**: the calends, the 1st of the month

**September –bris –bre**: September

**Collēga –ae m.**: Pompeius Collega

**Priscīnus –ī m.**: Peduceus Priscinus

**habitus habitūs m.**: physical appearance

**sublīmis sublīme**: elevated, exalted, lofty, distinguished

**libēns –entis**: willing

**peragō peragere perēgī perāctum**: to finish

**situs –a –um**: situated

**cōnsulāris cōnsulāris cōnsulāre**: of consular rank; (as noun) ex-consul

**triumphālis –e**: triumphal

**ōrnāmentum –ī n.**: adornment, ornament

**praeditus –a –um**: endowed

**astruo astruere astruxī astructum**: to add

**speciōsus –a –um**: showy, pretentious

**superstes –itis**: remaining alive after another's death, surviving; (as a noun) a survivor

**videor vidērī vīsus sum**: to seem

**incolumis incolumis incolume**: safe, unharmed, intact

**flōreō flōrēre flōruī**: to flourish, be at prime, be eminent

**salvus –a –um**: safe

**adfinitas –atis f.**: (pl.) relations, kindred

**effugiō effugere effūgī**: to escape

**dūrō dūrāre dūrāvī dūrātus**: to remain, last, persist

**prīnceps –ipis m.**: emperor

**Traiānus –ī m.**: Trajan, emperor 98-117

**augurium augurī(ī) n.**: forecast, prognostication

**ōminōr –ārī –ātus sum**: to predict

**festīnō festīnāre festīnāvī festīnātus**: to hasten

**grandis grandis grande**: great, large, fine

**sōlācium sōlāci(ī) n.**: consolation, solace

**ēvādō ēvādere ēvāsī ēvāsus**: to escape

**Domitiānus –ī m.**: Domitian, emperor 81-96

**intervāllum –ī n.**: interval

**spīrāmentum –ī n.**: breathing-space, interval

**continuō**: uniterrupted, unbroken

**exhauriō exhaurīre exhausī exhaustum**: to drain

***Agricola* 45**

**Agricola –ae m.**: Agricola

**obsideō obsidēre obsēdī obsessus**: to block

**cūria cūriae f.**: senate-house

**strāgēs –is f.**: slaughter

**cōnsulāris cōnsulāris cōnsulāre**: of consular rank; (as noun) ex-consul

**Cārus –ī m.**: Mettius Carus

**Mettius –ī m.**: Mettius Carus

**Albānus –a –um**: Alban

**Messālīnus –ī m.**: Valerius Catullus Messalinus

**strepō –ere –uī –itus**: to bawl

**Massa –ae m.**: Baebius Massa

**Baebius –iī m.**: Baebius

**Helvidius –ī m.**: Helvidius Priscus

**carcer carceris m.**: prison

**Mauricus –ī m.**: Junius Mauricus

**Rūsticus –ī m.**: Rusticus

**vīsus vīsūs m.**: sight, look

**notō notāre notāvī notātus**: to mark, sign

**innocēns**: upright, innocent

**Senecio –ōnis m.**: Senecio

**perfundō –ere –fūdī –fūsus**: to sprinkle

**Nerō –ōnis m.**: Nero

**subtrahō –ere –trāxī –trāctus**: to withdraw

**praecipuus –a –um**: special

**Domitiānus –ī m.**: Domitian, emperor 81-96

**miseria miseriae f.**: wretchedness, misery

**suspīrium –ī n.**: sigh

**subscrībō –scrībere –scrīpsī –scrīptum**: to register and add to the charge

**dēnotō –āre –āvī –ātum**: to mark down

**pallor –ōris m.**: paleness, pallor

**sufficiō sufficere suffēcī suffectum**: to suffice

**rubor rubōris m.**: redness, flush

**mūniō mūnīre mūnīvī mūnītus**: to fortify

**tantum**: only

**clāritas –tātis f.**: distinction

**opportūnitās –ātis f.**: right moment, suitableness

**perhibeō –ēre –uī –itus**: to relate, state

**libēns –entis**: willing

**virīlis virīlis virīle**: of a man

**portio portiōnis f.**: capability

**innocentia –ae f.**: uprightness, integrity, innocence

**prīnceps –ipis m.**: emperor

**acerbitās –ātis f.**: anguish

**maestitia –ae f.**: sadness

**quod**: in that, the fact that, because

**assideō assidēre assēdī assessus**: to sit by

**valētūdō valētūdinis f.**: sickness

**foveō fovēre fōvī fōtus**: to nurse, tend

**satiō satiāre satiāvī satiātum**: to glut

**complexus –ūs m.**: embrace, close-quarters

**mandātum –ī n.**: command

**penitus**: far within, deeply

**fīgō fīgere fīxī fīxus**: to fix

**absentia –ae f.**: absence

**quadriennium –ī n.**: period of four years

**optimus –a –um**: best

**complōrō –āre –āvī –ātum**: to lament, mourn

***Agricola* 46**

**quis quid after si, nisi, ne, or num**: anyone, anything, any

**mānēs –ium m. pl**: spirits

**ex(s)tinguō exstinguere exstinxī exstinctus**: to extinguish

**placidus –a –um**: calm

**īnfīrmus –a –um**: weak

**dēsīderium dēsīderi(ī) n.**: longing

**muliebris muliebris muliebre**: feminine, womanish

**lāmenta –ōrum n.**: mourning

**contemplātiō –ōnis f.**: contemplation

**lūgeō lūgēre lūxī lūctum**: to mourn

**plangō –ere –plānxī –planctus**: to mourn

**fās n.**: right

**admīrātiō –ōnis f.**: admiration

**suppeditō suppeditāre**: to help

**similitūdō similitūdinis f.**: imitation

**coniungō coniungere coniūnxī coniūnctus**: to unite

**veneror venerārī venerātus sum**: to revere

**revolvō –ere –volvī –volūtus**: to ponder

**figūra figūrae f.**: shape

**complector complectī complexus sum**: to embrace, include, hold fast

**intercēdō intercēdere intercessī intercessus**: to forbid, veto (+dat.)

**marmor –oris n.**: marble

**simulācrum simulācrī n.**: image

**imbēcillus –e**: weak, perishable

**mortālis –e**: mortal

**exprimō exprimere expressī expressum**: to give shape to, to express in form

**Agricola –ae m.**: Agricola

**aeternitās –tātis f.**: eternity

**inglōrius –a –um**: without honor, without fame

**ignōbilis –e**: obscure

**oblīviō –ōnis f.**: forgetfulness

**obruō obruere obruī obrutum**: to overwhelm, crush

**posteritās posteritātis f.**: posterity

**superstes superstitis**: remaining alive after another's death, surviving; (as a noun) a survivor